Subject: Re: Converting Byte Arrays Posted by David Foster on Mon, 06 Oct 1997 07:00:00 GMT

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Thomas Price wrote:

- > I am struggling with a file i/o problem. I have a data file which comes
- > from a PC. I know the data structure in terms of how many bytes correspond
- > to each entry in the file and what file type for each of these entries
- > (i.e. integer, real, etc). Generally, I two bytes into a variable for a
- > integer and 4 bytes for a real. I can convert the integers simply enough.
- > For a variable named id which is a bytarr(2) the integer is simply
- > 256*id(1)+id(0). However, how can I convert the 4 byte arrays which are
- > floats into the proper numbers? I seem to come up with gibberish if I do a
- > simple float(val) where val=byytarr(4).

> Any thoughts or tricks? All help much appreciated.

Remember that the byte-ordering on Suns and PCs is reversed. I think the easiest and most efficient thing to do would be to read the data into variables directly, using the appropriate data-type, and then convert them using the BYTEORDER() routine.

If you are going to convert short integers by hand then I think you might need:

256*id[0]+id[1]

to account for the reversed byte ordering.

Dave

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