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Subject: Re: Memory fragmentation, passing and common blocks

Posted by [mberkley](#) on Sun, 23 May 1993 16:50:59 GMT

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> On Sat, 22 May 93 17:35:14 GMT, mayor@vaxine.larc.nasa.gov said:

Lines: 59

SDM> 2) I've written quite a large IDL application and have stuck with  
SDM> the convention of passing variables among all the modules. With the  
SDM> exception of a few very small common blocks for a few widget event  
SDM> handlers, I've avoided common blocks. Now after all this development,  
SDM> I'm realizing that I'm passing huge arrays back and forth and wondering  
SDM> if it would have been better to put these in common blocks. So this is  
SDM> a two part question:

There is a third alternative aside from common blocks or passing everything from routine to routine, and that is to store structures in the widgets as UVALUES. In the code you pass widget ids (as required) from routine to routine, and each routine can choose to get information from the data structure by extracting the structure from the widget.

Conceptually, the widget id serves as a pointer to the data structure, which you access by dereferencing.

Advantages:

1. Avoids common blocks, so that your widgets are separated. If your widgets share data in a simple common block, then you can only have one instance of each widget. (Yes, I know that you can program common blocks to avoid this, but it's a pain. I'm talking about simple, naive common blocks).
2. Avoids passing large arrays and structures around. Only two copies need exist, one in the widget and one for working. Of course, the act of extracting the structure from the widget is copying.

Disadvantages:

1. Lots more work.
2. You still end up with at least two copies of large data structures, one in the widget and one working copy. By using multiple widgets for storage (eg. one widget for state information, two or three for large data objects), you can try to limit access to large data

structures to those routines which really need to access that data.

In the case of very large arrays, I usually resort to common blocks. If I really want to have two or three instances of a widget with very large data objects, then I use a fixed array of these objects in a common block and pass around array indices to each widget as required.

The real solution to our problem would be real pointers in IDL, but they're not available. Maybe a Christmas present from RSI? :->

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