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Subject: Re: point inside polygon

Posted by [wmc](#) on Wed, 01 Apr 1998 08:00:00 GMT

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> This function determines if a point is inside a polygon or not. If you  
> have several points I believe you are better off with the polyfillv approach.  
> Baard

```
> FUNCTION inside, x, y, px, py
(some bits cut)
>   sx = size(px)
>   sy = size(py)
>   N=sx(1)
>   tmp_px = [px, px[0]]           ; Close Polygon in x
>   tmp_py = [py, py[0]]           ; Close Polygon in y
>   i = indgen(N)                   ; indices 0...N-1
>   ip = indgen(N) + 1              ; indices 1...N
>   X1 = tmp_px(i) - x &   Y1 = tmp_py(i) - y
>   X2 = tmp_px(ip) - x &   Y2 = tmp_py(ip) - y
>   dp = X1*X2 + Y1*Y2             ; Dot-product
>   cp = X1*Y2 - Y1*X2             ; Cross-product
>   theta = atan(cp,dp)
>   IF (abs(total(theta)) GT 1.0E-8) THEN return,1 ELSE return,0
> END
```

Interesting... there had to be a better way and this looks like it.  
I'm now trying to work out why it works... I think you're counting up the angles  
going round the polygon to the point, and the sum is zero outside and  $2\pi$   
inside.

Only one criticism:  $1e-8$  is too tight a test for single precision:

inside(.5,1.5,[0,1,1,0],[0,0,1,1]) returns 1

since total(theta) is  $-1.19e-7$ .

But inside(.5,1.5d0,[0,1,1,0],[0,0,1,1]) returns 0 as it should.

So I think the test should be  $1e-5$  or somesuch (though presumably .1 would work  
just as well?).

- William

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