Subject: Re: IDL messes up Julian day plots ?
Posted by Thomas A. McGlynn on Fri, 02 Oct 1998 07:00:00 GMT
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Plotting is done using only single precision arithmetic, but you should be OK over a two-year span. Your talking about an interval of 900 seconds over a span of 6x10^7 or ~.0001 which is well within the resolution of a real.

It's a little kludgy, but you could do something like

```
common mydates, time0

time0 = times(0)
times = times-time0
plot, times, ..., xtickformat='NEWlabel_date'

with
function NEWlabel_date, axis, index, value
common mydates, time0
return, label_date,axis,index,value+time0
end
```

Since you've gotten rid of a potentially large offset value in the plotting you should get the full benefit of single precision, but are still able to label things appropriately.

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LC's No-Spam Newsreading account wrote:

```
> I have a 2-year-long list of samples, one sample every 15 min.
> The times are stored in Unix format (integer seconds since 1970).
> I want to plot this using label_date to annotate the x axis. I do
> ; convert to julian days
> times=double(a.data.time)
> times=times/86400.
> times=times + julday(1,1,1970)
> dummy=label_date(date_format='%D %M')
> plot,times,a.data.nitem ,xtickformat='label_date'
```

```
> If I restrict the plot to shorter periods e.g.
> plot,times(u),a.data(u).nitem ,xtickformat='label_date'
> I get that several points are plotted at the same abscissa (x coordinate)
> even if the values of a.data.time and times are distinct.
>
> It looks like the plotting routines are unable to scale double precision
> values correctly. On the other hand I'd say I need such precision with "large"
> numbers like dates in julian days. And I need julian days to use label_date.
>
> Any clue?
```