Subject: Re: More Questions on 24 bit color Posted by davidf on Tue, 10 Nov 1998 08:00:00 GMT

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David B. Wolff (dwolff@ariel.met.tamu.edu) writes:

- > I am having similar problems using 24-bit color on a Linux system. I was
- > able to get IDL
- > to properly display my colors using "Device, decomposed=0" as the first call
- > in my
- > program; however, if I then try to do a tvrd() to write a gif or other
- > 8-bit image format,
- > the color palette is not preserved. Does anyone know how to get tvrd() to
- > read properly.

>

- > If you have some suggestions, please e-mail them to me at:
- > dwolff@ariel.met.tamu.edu.

Good question, Dave. It reminds me that I have been going to write an article about this.

On a 24-bit device, if you issue this command:

```
snapshot = TVRD()
```

what you will get will be a 2D array in which the pixel value is the maximum pixel value in each of the red, green, and blue channels. In other words, if the actual pixel value is [240, 29, 149], what will be returned is the pixel value 240. (Remember that on a 24-bit display the pixel value is actually expressed as a color triple.)

Clearly (pun), this will result in a strange image when you write a GIF file.

Now, what do you need to create a color GIF file? You need a 2D image and the color vectors that express the colors for that image. The secret to getting what you want on a 24-bit device is the COLOR_QUAN function, which takes a 3D (or 24-bit image) and reduces it to a 2D image and the color vectors to express the colors for the image. Great, all we need is that 24-bit image. And you get it like this:

snapshot = TVRD(True=1)

Then, to make the GIF file:

image2D = Color_Quan(snapshot, 1, r, g, b)
Write_Gif, 'neat.gif', image2D, r, g, b

Cheers,

David

David Fanning, Ph.D.

Fanning Software Consulting E-Mail: davidf@dfanning.com

Phone: 970-221-0438, Toll-Free Book Orders: 1-888-461-0155 Coyote's Guide to IDL Programming: http://www.dfanning.com/

Note: A copy of this article was e-mailed to the original poster.