Subject: IDL puzzle Posted by wolff on Sat, 20 Nov 1993 17:24:23 GMT View Forum Message <> Reply to Message

I have an IDL puzzle for those interested.....

Suppose that you have data located via lat/lon, and want to average the data into a larger grid. For example, compute the average rain rate in N [deg] x N [deg] boxes over the area of the Amazon Basin given data from a network of gauges.

The data is stored in the following arrays:

```
x = site_lat = fltarr(1000)
y = site_lon = fltarr(1000)
z = site_rate = fltarr(1000)
```

In IDL, an easy, but incredibly slow way to do this would be in a loop such as the following (other variables added for clarity):

```
grid size = 0.5
lat1 = -28
lat2 = -18
lon1 = -55
lon2 = -40
lon pts = 0.
lat_pts = 0.
new pts = 0
lon_pts = float(lon2-lon1)/grid_size
lat_pts = float(lat2-lat1)/grid_size
new_pts = lon_pts*lat_pts
  count_0 = intarr(new_pts); # of non-zero rainrates reported
  count = intarr(new_pts); Total number of rainrates reported
  sum = fltarr(new_pts) ; Sum of rainrate reports
  cavg = fltarr(new_pts) ; Conditional average (Avg Rain when raining)
  uavg = fltarr(new pts); Unconditional average (include 0's in avg)
ipts = 0
i=0.
i=0.
k=0
```

```
print, 'Computing the rain averages over the new grid.....'
for i=float(lon1), float(lon2-grid_size), grid_size do begin
print,i
for j=float(lat1), float(lat2-grid_size), grid_size do begin
 for k=0,num_sites-1 do begin
  xx = x(k)
  yy = y(k)
  zz = z(k)
  if( (xx ge i and xx lt i+grid_size) and $
  (yy ge j and yy lt j+grid_size) ) then begin
  if(zz lt flagged data) then begin
   sum(ipts) = sum(ipts) + zz
   count(ipts) = count(ipts) + 1
     if(zz lt 0.1) then count_0(ipts) = count_0(ipts) + 1
  endif
    endif
 endfor
 ipts = ipts + 1
  endfor
endfor
```

I suppose there is a much faster way to do this. Using the where function? I am somewhat new to IDL so would appreciate any tricks you may know of to speed things up.

Thanks,

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