
Subject: Re: bit field in file

Posted by [mgs](#) on Sun, 07 Feb 1999 08:00:00 GMT

[View Forum Message](#) <> [Reply to Message](#)

In article <36bd6b04.0@news.ptt.ru>, "Dmitriy Ryzhov"
<dryzhov@dialup.ptt.ru> wrote:

> Hi
> How i can read file with bit field? I mean most simplest way. In C i use
> structure with bit fields. Is it possible in IDL?
> thanks
> Dmitriy Ryzhov.

There is no sub-byte field in IDL, but you can use the ISHFT command to extract bits from data. I'm not certain this is exactly what you are looking for, but I just cleaned up a program that does bit extraction from data arrays. Select the "bitex" link from http://www.ivsoftware.com/IV_Code.html and you can get some more info on it. Here's some usage and examples from it:

usage: subData = BitEx(DataArray, StartBit, NumberBits)

BitEx is used to extract a number of bits from an array of data

DataArray is a 1 or more dimensioned array

StartBit is the (0 relative) starting offset bit of the array

NumberBits is the number of bits to extract from the array
starting from the StartBit position within the array

The returned value will be an unsigned data type capable of storing NumberBits. For example, If $8 < \text{NumberBits} \leq 16$, subData will be an unsigned int. subData will be a Byte if 8 or less bytes are specified by NumberBits.

Examples:

aData = [15b, 63b, 127b, 191b, 31b]

Help, BitEx(aData, 0, 8)

<Expression> BYTE = 15

Help, BitEx(aData, 8, 8)

<Expression> BYTE = 63

Help, BitEx(aData, 4, 8)

<Expression> BYTE = 243

Help, BitEx(aData, 0, 16)

<Expression> UINT = 3903

aData = [511, 8192]

Help, BitEx(aData, 8, 16)

<Expression> UINT = 65312

Help, BitEx(aData, 4, 24)

<Expression> ULONG = 2093568

--

Mike Schienle
mgs@ivsoftware.com

Interactive Visuals, Inc.
<http://www.ivsoftware.com/>
