Subject: Re: Colour maps overlaid on grey-scale (medical) images Posted by davidf on Thu, 11 Mar 1999 08:00:00 GMT

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Jason Brookes (jason.brookes@rmsb.u-bordeaux2.fr) writes:

- > I would like to know how to display colour overlays on medical images.
- > For example, an overlay of bloodflow rate superimposed (in hot body
- > colour scale) on grey-scale images of the brain. At the moment, I am not
- > able to do this without obliterating the information in the original
- > image. Is it possible to overlay a colour map onto a grey-scale image
- > without obliterating information in the grey-scale image? ie: by making
- > the colour overlay "transparent" to some degree ?

There are probably more sophisticated ways to do this (and I would like to hear about them), but here is a quick and dirty method that has always worked quite well for me.

The idea is to "half-tone" your image so that each adjacent pixel is from the other image. By creating two color tables and scaling the original images appropriately into them, you can get a resulting image that looks pretty darn close to what you want.

Here is a little example program using the elevation.dat and ctscan.dat data sets in the IDL distribution. You can download the LoadData program from my web page:

http://www.dfanning.com/programs/loaddata.pro

Cheers,

David

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Coyote's Guide to IDL Programming: http://www.dfanning.com/

Toll-Free IDL Book Orders: 1-888-461-0155

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Pro Color_On_Gray, image_1, image_2

; Get the data sets if needed.

IF N Params() EQ 0 THEN BEGIN

```
image_1 = Loaddata(7)
 image_2 = Loaddata(5)
ENDIF
 ; Size the second image to fit the first.
s = Size(image_1, /Dimensions)
image_2 = Congrid(image_2, s[0], s[1], /Interp)
 ; Load the color tables. Gray-scale and Red Temperature
ncolors = !D.Table Size
halfcolors = Byte(ncolors / 2)
LoadCT, 0, NColors=halfcolors
LoadCT, 3, NColors=halfcolors, Bottom=halfcolors
 ; Scale the data. First image uses gray-scale.
image_1 = Bytscl(image_1, Top=halfcolors-1)
image_2 = Bytscl(image_2, Top=halfcolors-1) + halfcolors
 ; Create a vector for pixelation.
x = Findgen(s[0]/2) * 2
 ; Pixelate the image.
image = BytArr(s[0], s[1])
image[x, *] = image_1[x, *]
image[x+1, *] = image_2[x+1, *]
image[*, x] = Shift(image[*, x], 1)
 ; Display image.
Window, XSize=s[0], YSize=s[1], /Free
TV, image
END
```