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Subject: Re: Max value vector

Posted by [Evan Fishbein](#) on Sun, 23 May 1999 07:00:00 GMT

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Tom,

I have a routine that finds the max and min over the first index of a multidimension array  
using a for loop as you described. You need to make sure that the for loop variable is a long by initializing it to long

The code below takes  $x1(n1,n2\dots nn)$  and returns  $lu(n2..nn,2)$  where  $lu(\dots,0)$  are the lowerbounds and  $(lu(\dots,1))$  are the upperbounds

function lubound, x1, ignore=ignore, all=all

;  
; calculates the lubounds of elements of x1 have the same 2nd, 3rd\dots nth  
; indices. i.e. bounds by contracting over the first index.

;  
if n\_elements(all) ne 1 then all=0  
if all eq 0 then begin  
    x=reform(x1)  
end else begin  
    x=reform(x1, n\_elements(x1))  
end  
sx=size(x)

if n\_elements(ignore) eq 0 then begin  
    if sx(0) le 1 then begin  
        lub= [min(x), max(x)]  
    end else begin  
        nx=sx(2+sx(0))/sx(1)  
        lub=make\_array(nx, 2, type=sx(sx(0)+1) )  
        x=reform(x, sx(1), nx)  
        for i=0l, nx-1 do begin  
            lub(i,:)=[min(x(:,i)), max(x(:,i)) ]  
        end  
        lub=reform(lub, [sx(2:sx(0)),2] )  
    end  
end else begin  
    if sx(0) le 1 then begin  
        ips=where(x ne ignore)  
        if ips(0) ge 0 then begin  
            lub= [min(x(ips)), max(x(ips))]  
        end else begin  
            lub=replicate(ignore,2)  
        end  
    end else begin

```

nx=sx(2+sx(0))/sx(1)
lub=make_array(nx, 2, type=sx(sx(0)+1) )
x=reform(x, sx(1), nx)
for i=0L, nx-1 do begin
  ips=where(x(*,i) ne ignore)
  if ips(0) ge 0 then begin
    lub(i,:)= [min(x(ips,i)), max(x(ips,i)) ]
  end else begin
    lub(i,:)=replicate(ignore,2)
  end
end
lub=reform(lub, [sx(2:sx(0)), 2] )
end
return, lub
end

```

"Thomas C. Stubbings" wrote:

- > What I would need is something like the MATLAB command max(i) where i is an array(n,m) and max(i) returns a vector containing the maximum value of each column. The IDL max command only returns a scalar containing the absolute maximum of the array.
- >
- > I even tried a big loop running through each column to find the max of each,
- > but IDL doesn't accept loops with 64000 iterations
- >
- > What alternatives do I have?
- >
- > Thomas

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