Subject: singular value decompostion Posted by Dave Bazell on Thu, 01 Jul 1999 07:00:00 GMT View Forum Message <> Reply to Message

I am trying to use the IDL routine SVDC to do principal component analysis. In order to understand SVD better I was doing an example I found online. However, the IDL SVD routine gives me different results than the online example.

$$x = [[1,2],[3,4],[5,6],[7,8]]$$

matlab, which uses linpac gives (to two decimal places):

[U,S,V] = svd(x) where X = U S transpose(V)

$$S = 14.3 \quad 0$$
0 .62

$$V = .64 - .77$$

IDL gives

svdc, x,w,u,v,/column

 $w = 14.2691 \quad 0.626828$

u = -0.641423 -0.767187 -0.767187 0.641423 0.00000 0.00000 0.00000 0.00000

v = -0.152483 -0.349918 -0.547354 -0.744789 0.822647 0.421375 0.0201032 -0.381169 0.547723 -0.730297 -0.182574 0.365149 0.00000 0.408249 -0.816496 0.408248

clearly the eigenvalues are the same but the u and v matricies are exchanged. But what really bothers me is that some values are changed from positive to negative. And the IDL V does not have the same values as the MATLAB U.

What am I doing wrong? Even if I leave out the /column in the call to

svdc, I don't get the right answers.

The eigenvalues do not correspond to the eigenvalues returned by the IDL routine pcomp which calculates principal components. I thought PCA could be done using SVD but I don't see the correspondence.

Any help would be appreciated.

Thanks.

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