
Subject: Re: Passing zero as a Parameter/ NOT KEYWORD_SET

Posted by [J.D. Smith](#) on Tue, 29 Jun 1999 07:00:00 GMT

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David Fanning wrote:

- > Most people use Keyword_Set for entirely the wrong thing.
- > Keyword_Set very clearly returns 0 if the argument is 0 or
- > undefined. It returns a 1 if the argument is *anything*
- > other than 0 or undefined. It should be used ONLY with
- > those keywords that require a Boolean value.
- >
- > But I welcome your comments on the article. (Just don't
- > bug me night and day until I incorporate your comments. :-)
- >
- > http://www.dfanning.com/tips/keyword_check.html
- >

I just took a look at your article again, and I fear I must take issue with the very first statement:

"Despite what your colleague may have told you, or what you believe you read in the IDL documentation, it is NOT possible to reliably determine if a keyword was used in a call to your program."

I disagree. Though I would never do this myself, you can easily get this behaviour, vz.

```
pro testme, KEY=k
  if n_elements(k) ne 0 OR arg_present(k) then $
    print,'You used KEY!' else $
    print,'You neglected KEY!'
end
```

For it must be either that k is undefined by virtue of not being passed at all, or by virtue of being an as-yet undefined (and therefore by-reference) variable passed in from above. The former case we can detect with n_elements(), the latter case with arg_present(). I encourage you to try to find an example of something which is both undefined, and also passed by value. This would be the only thing which could escape detection in the above algorithm.

When I first urged RSI to give us arg_present(), I had in mind exactly the type of application you mention at the end of your page. Your strenuous warning might disincline readers from its use, but it really has proven invaluable.

I *don't* recommend using the above method, since you end up with all

sorts of undefined variables which are silently created and unused. This is not likely what the user expects. It does open the possibility for using keyword arguments as strings without being strings, e.g.

mypro, KEY=TRUE

but this is rather silly, I'd say, when you can just as easily use /KEY. But since you made such a strong point about it being impossible, I couldn't keep it to myself :).

The rest of the page makes good sense though. I hope this doesn't qualify as bugging you day and night ;)

JD

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