Subject: Re: COLOR\_QUAN question

Posted by davidf on Thu, 19 Aug 1999 07:00:00 GMT

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Struan Gray (struan.gray@sljus.lu.se) writes:

- > A while back someone asked for a way to force COLOR QUAN to use a
- > particular color table. I tried seeding it with a dummy image
- > containing 256 pixels and a simple ramp through the desired table,
- > hoping to use /MAP ALL and /GET TRANSLATION to force subsequent calls
- > to use the same colour map.

>

- > I gave up because the colour map returned by the first call was
- > always different from that used to generate the dummy image. That is,
- > even if you feed COLOR\_QUAN an RGB image with only 256 pixels (which
- > it should be able to reproduce exactly with an 8-bit colour table) the
- > RGB values of the colour map it generates are different from the
- > pixels' RGB values.

I just tried a similar experiment. The image has 256 values (a 3D image constructed of a 2D image created like this: image2D = BytScl(Findgen(256)#Findgen(256))).

Oddly enough, the resulting 2D image has only 155 values. And even though the returned color tables differ in the pixel values above 154, they appear identical in those values from 0-154. The images \*appear\* identical on the display, though, of course, they can't be.

But, again, I'm not sure this is a big deal. Color\_Quan is used to produce images that \*LOOK\* the same. That is to say, it is a \*display\* routine, not a \*processing\* routine. Performing image processing steps on the resulting image, or using the pixel values to mean something, is just as big a mistake as using the byte values of any image on the display, rather than the original image data.

Cheers,

David

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David Fanning, Ph.D. Fanning Software Consulting

Phone: 970-221-0438 E-Mail: davidf@dfanning.com

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