
Subject: Re: GRIB data

Posted by [Ole Bossing Christens](#) on Thu, 19 Aug 1999 07:00:00 GMT

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In article <7o9ha0\$bue\$2@alster.dkrz.de>,
martin.schultz@dkrz.de (Martin Schultz) wrote:

>
> Does anyone have routine(s) for reading of GRIB data? That will be
my
> future ;-)
>
> Best regards,
> Martin
>
>

Dear Martin,

Here at DMI we have been through this and come up with something that does the job for us. I attach the fortran routine read_grib.f and its sister, read_grib.pro, which will define a grib reading IDL routine through a shared object library. It uses GRIBEX, PBOPEN, PBCLOSE, PBGRIB, originally from ECMWF. (which you presumably can get, being at the MPI). It has been written by happy amateurs, but it is documented and it works, so I wish you good luck. If there are other unresolved calls, please write me.

Greetings, Ole Bossing Christensen, Danish Meteorological Institute

```
-----  
*****  
*  
* PURPOSE:    Reading grib files directly from IDL  
*  
*****  
*  
* LANGUAGE:   Fortran 77  
*  
*****  
*  
* PROGRAMMED BY: Uffe Andersen (ua@dmi.dk), 1/4-1998.  
* MODIFICATIONS BY: Ole B Christensen (bossing@dmi.dk) 5/10-1998  
*  
* Danish Meteorological Institute  
*  
*****  
*
```

* INTERFACE:

*

* Compiled by:

* f77 -o32 -c read_grib.f

*

* Linked by:

* ld -o32 -shared read_grib.o -L /home/climate/libo32 -lemons

-o libread_grib.so

*

*

* Called from IDL by:

*

* output_arr = FLTARR(nmb_of_data_per_record , nmb_of_records

)

*

* tmp = CALL_EXTERNAL('read_grib.so',

\$

* 'read_grib_' , \$

* file_name, \$

* grib_code, \$

* level, \$

* lvl_type, \$

* year, \$

* month, \$

* day, \$

* time, \$

* grid_par, \$

* grid_def, \$

* err_msg, \$

* nrec, \$

* ndata, \$

* output_arr)

*

*

* INPUT: file_name : name of the GRIB file

*

grib_code : the GRIB code of the parameter

*

to read. If -1 read all

parameters

*

level : the level (pressure or model)

to

*

read. If -1 read first

occurrence

*

lvl_type : the level type (pressure or

model) to

*

read. If -1 read first

occurrence

*

year : the year to read

*

month : the month to read

```

*      day      : the day to read
*      time     : the time of day to read
*      nrec     : numbers of records to be read
*
*
*      OUTPUT:  grid_par      : parameters describin the grid,
*                  identical to the KSEC2 variable
*                  in the GRIB decoding.
*      grid_def  : parameters defining the grid,
*                  identical to thePKSEC2 variable
*                  in the GRIB decoding.
*      err_msg   : error message.
*                  -1 if no record matching the
*                  specifications are found
*                  -3 if the data array is too
*                  small to contains the data
*      nrec     : numbers of records read
*      ndata    : numbers of data per record
*      output_arr : the data array
*
*
*

```

```

*
* REFERENCE:
*
* The IDL-fortran interface program is mainly taken from:
*
*   pack/idl_4/external/examples/sharelib/ftn_only_sun.f
*
*
*
*****

```

```

C This is the interface subroutine, called by IDL
C -----

```

```

SUBROUTINE read_grib(argc, argv)
INTEGER*4 argc, argv(*)

```

```

C To convert the pointers to the IDL variables contained in ARGV
C we must use the Fortran function %VAL. This funcion is used
C in the argument list of a Fortran sub-program. Call the Fortran
C subroutine that will actually perform the desired operations.
C Set the return value to the value of this function.

```

```

j= LOC(argc)

```

```

CALL read_grib1 ( %VAL(argv(1)),

```

```
&      %VAL(argv(2)),
&      %VAL(argv(3)),
&      %VAL(argv(4)),
&      %VAL(argv(5)),
&      %VAL(argv(6)),
&      %VAL(argv(7)),
&      %VAL(argv(8)),
&      %VAL(argv(9)),
&      %VAL(argv(10)),
&      %VAL(argv(11)),
&      %VAL(argv(12)),
&      %VAL(argv(13)),
&      %VAL(argv(14)) )
```

```
RETURN
END
```

```
C This is the fortran subroutine
C -----
```

```
      SUBROUTINE read_grib1 ( idl_str,
&      code,
&      level,
&      lvl_type,
&      year,
&      month,
&      day,
&      time,
&      isec2,
&      zsec2,
&      err_msg,
&      nrec,
&      ndata,
&      read_arr )
```

```
C ----- Declarations -----
```

```
INTEGER    char_size
PARAMETER  ( char_size = 100 )
```

```
CHARACTER*(char_size) filename
```

```
INTEGER*4  code
INTEGER*4  level
INTEGER*4  lvl_type
INTEGER*4  year
```

```
INTEGER*4 month
INTEGER*4 day
INTEGER*4 time
INTEGER*4 err_msg
INTEGER*4 nrec
INTEGER*4 ndata
INTEGER*4 i, nr
```

```
DIMENSION grid(384)
INTEGER*4 grid
```

```
PARAMETER (jpack=100000)
DIMENSION read_arr( jpack * 200 )
DIMENSION isec0(2)
DIMENSION isec1(60)
DIMENSION isec2(384)
DIMENSION isec3(2)
DIMENSION isec4(42)
DIMENSION zsec2(96)
DIMENSION zsec3(2)
DIMENSION zsec4(jpack*4)
DIMENSION inbuff(jpack)
CHARACTER*1 yoper
INTEGER file, jcount
```

C Declare an IDL string structure

```
STRUCTURE /STRING/
  INTEGER*2 slen
  INTEGER*2 stype
  INTEGER s
END STRUCTURE
```

```
RECORD /STRING/ idl_str
```

C ----- Convert IDL-string to FORTRAN-string -----

```
CALL IDL_2_FORT(%VAL(idl_str.s), idl_str.slen, filename,
char_size)
```

```
WRITE(6,*) '**'
WRITE(6,*) 'Reading Data from : ',filename(1:idl_str.slen)
```

```
err_msg = 0
NUMERR = 0
ILENB = jpack
IPUNP = jpack * 4
```

C ----- Open file -----

```
CALL PBOPEN( file, filename(1:idl_str.slen), 'R', kret)
```

```
IF ( KRET .NE. 0 ) THEN
  WRITE(6, *) ' Return code from PBOPEN = ',kret
  CALL PBCLOSE(FILE, kret)
  STOP 'Fault in PBOPEN'
ENDIF
ILENB = ILENB*4
```

C ----- Header for screen output -----

```
WRITE(6,*)
& ' Rec no GRIB code Level',
& ' Type Year Month Day Time'

WRITE(6,*)
&
'====='
```

C ----- Record reading loop -----

```
nr = 0
100 CONTINUE
```

C ----- Read data from GRIB file -----

```
CALL PBGRIB( file, inbuff, ilenb, lenout, kret )
```

```
IF ( KRET .LT. 0 ) GOTO 200
```

C ----- Decode read values -----

```
yoper = 'D'
ierr = 1
```

```

CALL GRIBEX (isec0,isec1,isec2,zsec2,isec3,zsec3,isec4,
&          zsec4,ipunp,inbuff,ilenb,iword,yoper,ierr)
IF (ierr.NE. 0) then
  WRITE(6,*) ' *** GRIBEX - ERR.'
  CALL PBCLOSE(file, kret)
  STOP
ENDIF

ndata = isec4(1)

C    --- Check if specified parameters are correct ---
C    --- Grib code, level, year, month, day, time ---

IF ( (code .EQ. isec1(6) .OR. code .EQ. -1) .AND.
&    (level .EQ. isec1(8) .OR. level .EQ. -1) .AND.
&    (lvl_type .EQ. isec1(7) .OR. lvl_type .EQ. -1) .AND.
&    (year .EQ. isec1(10) .OR. year .EQ. -1) .AND.
&    (month .EQ. isec1(11) .OR. month .EQ. -1) .AND.
&    (day .EQ. isec1(12) .OR. day .EQ. -1) .AND.
&    (time .EQ. isec1(13) .OR. time .EQ. -1) ) THEN

  nr = nr + 1

C    --- This is output to the screen. It was impossible to
---
C    --- have a longint in a formatted write out (?). The ---
C    --- present formatted output might behave odd. ---

  inr = nr
  WRITE(6, '(1x,i6,4x,i6,2x,i8,4x,i3,5x,4(i2,4x))' )
&    inr,
&    isec1(6),isec1(8), isec1(7), isec1(10),
&    isec1(11),isec1(12), isec1(13)

  DO i=1, ndata
    read_arr(i + ndata*(nr-1)) = zsec4(i)
  ENDDO

ENDIF

```

```
C      --- If nrec records are read, jump out of loop ---  
      IF (nr .EQ. nrec .AND. nrec .NE. 0 ) GOTO 200
```

```
      GOTO 100  
C      -- End of record reading loop
```

```
200 CONTINUE
```

```
      IF (nr .EQ. 0) err_msg = KRET
```

```
      nrec = nr
```

```
C      ----- Close file -----
```

```
      CALL PBCLOSE(file, kret)
```

```
      RETURN  
      END
```

```
C=====
```

```
=====
```

```
C$Subroutine IDL_2_FORT
```

```
      SUBROUTINE IDL_2_FORT(idlstr, strlen, fortstr, f_len)
```

```
C PURPOSE:
```

```
C      Copies an IDL string to a Fortran character string.
```

```
      INTEGER*2      strlen  
      CHARACTER*(*)  idlstr
```

```
      CHARACTER*(*)  fortstr
```

```
      INTEGER        f_len
```

```
C      If the IDL string is smaller then copy the entire string into
```

C the Fortran string, otherwise truncate it.

```
IF(strlen .LE. f_len )THEN
  fortstr(1:strlen)=idlstr(1:strlen)
ELSE
  fortstr(1:f_len)=idlstr(1:f_len)
ENDIF
```

RETURN END

```
----- ;+
;=====
=====
===== ; READ_GRIB
;=====
=====
===== ; PURPOSE : ; ----- ; Read data from a grib file ; ; CALLING
SEQUENCE: ; ----- ; field = read_grib(filename) ; ; INPUTS: ;
----- ; filename : File name (including the path) for the file to be read ;
; OUTPUTS: ; ----- ; Return value: Matrix containing the read values. The
dimension ; of the array is: ( ndata, nrec ) ; ; KEYWORD PARAMETERS: ;
```

[code tables are here : ;
<http://intranet.dmi.min.dk/~climate/ERA/table2-v128.html> ;
<http://intranet.dmi.min.dk/~climate/ERA/table2-v160.html>] ; level : Level
of the data (integer) ; lvl_type : level type (integer or string) ; 100 or
'pres' = pressure levels ; 105 or 'surf' = surface levels ; 109 or
'model' = model levels ; year : year (integer) ; month : month (integer)
; day : day (integer) ; time : time (integer) ; nrec : number of
records to be read. Default is 1. ; Set to 0 if all records that meets the
keyword ; specifications should be read. ; diag : Flag for diagnostic
printout. If this is set various ; information, incl. month, day and
grib-code for the ; read data, are written to screen. ; ; ; OUTPUT: ;

describes the grid. Identical to the KSEC2 integer ; array in the GRIB
decoding convention. ; grid_def : Array of reals that defines the grid.
Identical to the ; PSEC2 array. ; nrec : number of records read. ; ; ;
NOTES: ; ----- ; The reading is done in a fortran program (read_grib.f). ;
; 'path' should be included in the LD_LIBRARY_PATH in the ; .cshrc file. ;
The longitudes and latitudes can be constructed using the ; routine
MAKE_GRID. ; ; ; EXAMPLE: ; ----- ; To read MSLP for 4th of February from
file "/mydir/TTfile", type: ; ; pres = READ_GRIB('/mydir/TTfile', CODE=151,
MONTH=2, \$; DAY=4, GRID_PAR=gg) ; ; All records that match the
specifications are read. The ; parameters that describes the grid are
returned in the ; integer array "gg". ; ; ; AUTHOR: ; ----- ; Uffe
Andersen, Danish Meteorological Institute (ua@dmi.dk) 26/10 - 1998 ; ; ;
REVISIONS: ; ----- ; 19/4-99 : Added grid_def, default is to return
only one record. UA ; 14/7-99 : year can now have more than 2 digits. UA ;

```
;=====
=====
===== ;-
```

```
FUNCTION read_grib, filename, $ ; Input
      code=code, $
      level=level, $
      lvl_type=lvl_type, $
      year=year, $
      month=month, $
      day=day, $
      time=time, $
      nrec=nrec, $
      diag=diag, $
      grid_par=grid_par, $ ; Output
      grid_def=grid_def ; Output
```

```
IF N_PARAMS() EQ 0 THEN MESSAGE, 'File name missing.'
```

```
path = '/home/climate/idl/fk/lib/' ; Path to the fortran
program
; that maintains the
communication
; between fortran and
idl
source_file = 'read_grib' ; Fortran program name
shared_file = path + 'lib' + source_file + '.so' ; Name of shared
object
entry_name = source_file + '_' ; Entry name in the
shared object
```

```
; Set non used keywords to -1
;-----
```

```
IF N_ELEMENTS(code) EQ 0 THEN code = -1
IF N_ELEMENTS(level) EQ 0 THEN level = -1
IF N_ELEMENTS(lvl_type) EQ 0 THEN lvl_type = -1
IF N_ELEMENTS(year) EQ 0 THEN year = -1
IF N_ELEMENTS(month) EQ 0 THEN month = -1
```

```
IF N_ELEMENTS(day) EQ 0 THEN day = -1
IF N_ELEMENTS(time) EQ 0 THEN time = -1
IF N_ELEMENTS(nrec) EQ 0 THEN nrec = 1 ; Default value for
nrec is 1
```

```
diag = KEYWORD_SET(diag)
```

```
    ; If string convert lvl_type to code
    ; -----
```

```
IF SIZE(lvl_type, /TYPE) EQ 7 THEN BEGIN
  lvl_type = STRLOWCASE(lvl_type)
```

```
  CASE lvl_type OF
```

```
    'pres' : type_code = 100
```

```
    'surf' : type_code = 105
```

```
    'model' : type_code = 109
```

```
    ELSE : MESSAGE, 'Level type ' + lvl_type + ' not known.'
```

```
  ENDCASE
```

```
  lvl_type = type_code
```

```
ENDIF
```

```
IF nrec LT 0 THEN MESSAGE, 'nrec should be positive or zero'
```

```
err_msg = 1
```

```
    ; In the communication with the FORTRAN program
    ; it is essential that the integer parameters
    ; in the IDL and FORTRAN programs are of same
    ; type (INT/LONG - INTEGER*2/INTEGER*4).
    ; To facilitate communication only LONG-INTEG*4
    ; are used.
```

```
code = LONG(code)
```

```
level = LONG(level)
```

```
lvl_type = LONG(lvl_type)
```

```
year = LONG(year)
```

```
month = LONG(month)
```

```
day = LONG(day)
```

```
time = LONG(time)
```

```
ndata = LONG(0)
```

```
nrec = LONG(nrec)
```

```
grid_par = LONARR(384)
grid_def = FLTARR(96)
```

```
file = FINDFILE(filename, COUNT=cnt) ; Check if the data
file exist
IF cnt NE 1 THEN $ ; If not then stop
MESSAGE, 'Could not find ' + filename
```

```
 ; Look for shared object. If it doesn't
exist
 ; compile the fortran program
```

```
file = FINDFILE(shared_file, COUNT=c_so) ; Find shared object
file
```

```
IF (c_so EQ 1 ) AND diag THEN PRINT,'Shared object found. '
```

```
IF (c_so EQ 0 ) THEN $
MESSAGE, ' Shared object not found.'
```

```
read_arr = FLTARR( 51200L*120L ) ; Define read_arr
```

```
 ; Call the fortran subroutine in the shared object
 ; -----
```

```
tmp = CALL_EXTERNAL( shared_file, $ ; INPUT: name of shared
object
```

```
entry_name, $ ; entry name in
shared obj.
```

```
filename, $ ; filename
code, $ ; GRIB code
level, $ ; level
lvl_type, $ ; level type
year, $ ; year
month, $ ; month
day, $ ; day
time, $ ; time
grid_par, $ ; OUTPUT: parameters
```

```
descr. the grid
grid_def, $ ; parameters
```

```

defines the grid
      err_msg,      $ ;      error message
from GRIB
      nrec,        $ ;      number of
records
      ndata,       $ ;      numbers of data
per record
      read_arr    )      ;      output array

```

```

IF err_msg EQ -1 THEN BEGIN
  MESSAGE, 'No record with the specifications : ', /CONTINUE
  IF (code NE -1) THEN PRINT, ' Code   : ',code
  IF (level NE -1) THEN PRINT, ' Level  : ',level
  IF (lvl_type NE -1) THEN PRINT, ' Level type: ',lvl_type
  IF (year NE -1) THEN PRINT, ' Year   : ',year
  IF (month NE -1) THEN PRINT, ' Month  : ',month
  IF (day NE -1) THEN PRINT, ' Day   : ',day
  IF (time NE -1) THEN PRINT, ' Time  : ',time
  PRINT, 'were found in the file : ' + filename
  read_arr = -1
ENDIF

```

```

IF err_msg EQ -3 THEN $
  MESSAGE, ' Data array too small for the record '

```

```

      ; Find the number of elements in the array
      ; -----

```

```

IF N_ELEMENTS(grid_par) GT 22 THEN BEGIN
  non_zero = WHERE(grid_par GT 0, cnt)      ; adresses of positive
numbers
  last_adr = MAX(non_zero) > 21          ; above 21
  grid_par = grid_par[0: last_adr]      ; extract sub-arr
ENDIF

```

```

grid_def = grid_def[0: 10+grid_par[11]]

```

```

read_arr = read_arr(0:ndata*nrec-1)

```

```

read_arr = REFORM( read_arr,ndata, nrec )

```

```

IF diag THEN BEGIN

```

```
PRINT,'ndata  : ', ndata
PRINT,'nrec   : ', nrec
PRINT,'min max : ', MIN(read_arr), MAX(read_arr)
PRINT,'err_msg : ', err_msg
ENDIF
```

```
RETURN, read_arr
```

```
END
```

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