

---

Subject: Re: Common trouble

Posted by [m218003](#) on Wed, 18 Aug 1999 07:00:00 GMT

[View Forum Message](#) <> [Reply to Message](#)

---

In article <37BA9888.2BD5D060@risoe.dk>,

Kristian Kjaer <kristian.kjaer@risoe.dk> writes:

> Q1: How do you delete a common block (other than by exiting IDL)?  
by switching off the computer ;-) Seriously: there is no other way!!!

>

> Q3: Should commons be avoided altogether in IDL ?

there has been a thread about this about two months ago. You might want  
to check [www.deja.com](http://www.deja.com) - we shouldn't start this discussion again ...

>

> Q2: Why does this not work (got the same with IDL 5.1 on linux):

> IDL> .r testcomn

>

> common mycomblock,p,q,r

>                   ^

> % P is already defined with a conflicting definition.

> At: c:\tasclib.idl\special\testcomn.pro, Line 2

>

>

> ; begin code -----

> pro testcomn,p,q,r

> common mycomblock,p,q,r

> return

> end

> ; end code -----

>

when idl first encounters a common block definition, it reserves the  
variable names for the common block if possible. In your case this is not  
doable, because you used the same names as procedure arguments (i guess  
you want to initialize them). here is a general outline how you can do this:

```
pro testcomn,pp,qq,rr
```

```
common mycomnblock,p,q,r    ; note that the variables are undefined here!
```

```
  if (n_elements(pp) gt 0 and (n_elements(p) eq 0) then $
```

```
    p = pp $
```

```
  else $
```

```
    message,'P cannot be initialized!'
```

```
  if (n_elements(qq) gt 0 and (n_elements(q) eq 0) then $
```

```
    q = qq $
```

```
  else $
```

