
Subject: Re: INT_TABULATED Errors
Posted by [landsman](#) on Sun, 23 Jan 2000 08:00:00 GMT
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In article <3888997E.7EBB8BE1@fsl.noaa.gov>,
Andy Loughe <loughe@fsl.noaa.gov> wrote:
>
> ; Compute the area under the curve using INT_TABULATED
> ;
> ; Example 1
> x = [0.0, 0.3333, 0.985, 1.0]
> y = [0.0, 0.529, 0.894, 1.0]
> plot, x, y, psym=-2, title='Example 1'
> print, ' Too small ==> ', INT_TABULATED(x, y)
> ;
> ; Example 2
> x = [0.0, 0.10, 0.79, 1.0]
> y = [0.0, 0.67, 0.96, 1.0]
> plot, x, y, psym=-2, title='Example 2'
> print, ' Too large ==> ', INT_TABULATED(x, y)

Your example has two characteristics that make them unsuitable for INT_TABULATED. First they have abrupt changes in slope, and so INT_TABULATED, which uses cubic spline interpolation, will poorly approximate the function. Second, they have a very irregularly spaced grid, and INT_TABULATED computes the integral using a regular grid with the same spacing. (I would have rewritten INT_TABULATED to make sure the regular grid spacing is at least as fine as the smallest separation in the irregular input grid.)

Anyway, for a non-smooth curve I recommend using a simple trapezoidal integration, such as tsum.pro available at
<http://idlastro.gsfc.nasa.gov/ftp/pro/math/tsum.pro>

Wayne Landsman landsman@mpb.gsfc.nasa.gov

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