

---

Subject: Re: data interpolation

Posted by [T Bowers](#) on Thu, 03 Feb 2000 08:00:00 GMT

[View Forum Message](#) <> [Reply to Message](#)

---

Hi Dave,

See IDL's triangulate procedure and trigrad function. use 'em kinda like this:

put your x coordinates (longitude?) in a variable, e.g. xData  
put your y coordinates (latitude?) in a variable, e.g. yData  
put your data values (population, etc.?) in a variable, e.g. zData  
then do...

; //Create a mesh to interpolate to...

triangulate, xData, yData, angles, b

; //Use IDL's interpolation function, trigrad

minX = min(xData, max=maxX, /NaN) & minY = min(yData, max=maxY, /NaN)

limits = [minX, minY, maxX, maxY]

zGrid = trigrad(xData, yData, zData, angles, [0,0], limits, \$  
XGRID=xGrid, YGRID=yGrid, MISSING=!Values.F\_NaN)

; //Now you have gridded data, so see what it looks like...

surface, zGrid, xGrid, yGrid

good luck,

todd

"David Miller" <millerdo@erols.com> wrote in message

news:87a3de\$1@bob.news.rcn.net...

> I have three data points (corresponding to three cities). I want to find  
the

> interpolated value at a point within the triangle defined by the three  
> cities. Is there an interpolation routine built into IDL for this task?

>

> Thanks,

> Dave

>

>

> --

> David O. Miller

> SSAI - NASA/Goddard Space Flight Center

>

>

>