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Subject: Re: idl2matlab translate-o-matic  
Posted by [Craig Markwardt](#) on Tue, 22 Feb 2000 08:00:00 GMT  
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"J.D. Smith" <jdsmith@astro.cornell.edu> writes:

```
> Craig Markwardt wrote:
>> * given two arrays, A and B: concatenate all but the last two
>> elements of A, with B. Don't try [A(0:n-3),B], or you will be in a
>> world of hurt.
>>
>
> I wouldn't say a *world* or hurt. Maybe a minor planetesimal of hurt:
>
> C=n_elements(A)>2?[A[0:n_elements(A)-3],B]:B
```

Okay, my creative juices weren't flowing yet. Consider that a warm-up problem.

How about this one:

```
* Given two 1-d arrays, A and B: insert B into any arbitrary position
I in A.
```

I was hoping that it would be as easy as this, `a = [a(0:i-1),b,a(i:*)]`, but then the special cases get start to be overwhelming (for example when `i` equals 0 or `n_elements(a)`). My point was that indexing with an empty range should produce an empty list.

Instead you get this,

```
if i EQ 0 then begin
  a = [b, a]
endif else if i EQ n_elements(a)-1 then begin
  a = [a, b]
endif else begin
  a = [a(0:i-1),b,a(i:*)]
endelse
```

And if A or B are allowed to be empty or undefined at the start then things get even \*more\* hurtful (perhaps even approaching a worldful).

These are all normal set-like things I'd like to do. Thankfully there are useful convenience routines like the Astronomy Library's `STORE_ARRAY`, but somehow I think these issues could be better addressed by making the language itself complete.

Craig

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Astrophysics, IDL, Finance, Derivatives | Remove "net" for better response  
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