
Subject: Re: complex arithmetic

Posted by [isaacman](#) on Wed, 06 Apr 1994 15:37:00 GMT

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In article <thompson.765642193@serts.gsfc.nasa.gov>, thompson@serts.gsfc.nasa.gov (William Thompson) writes...

> I think the problem is that such problems are degenerate--there is more than
> one correct answer. For example, if we define A and B to be

>

> IDL> A = COMPLEX(1,1)

> IDL> B = COMPLEX(-1,-1)

>

> and C to be

>

> and B to be

>

> IDL> C = A^2

> IDL> PRINT, C

> (0.00000, 2.00000)

>

> then A can be thought of as the square root of C. However, so can B, because
> A^2 and B^2 resolve to the same value. Thus, which is the correct answer for
> C^(0.5)?

>

> Evidently, IDL gets around this ambiguity by not allowing one to calculate a
> complex number to a non-integer power, even if the floating point number could
> be simplified to an integer such as in your example above.

I don't agree with this at all. IDL has no problem taking the square
root of positive real numbers, even though $(-2.)^2 = (2.)^2$

Rich Isaacman
