
Subject: Re: Coastal boundaries over sat data
Posted by [Ben Marriage](#) on Thu, 17 Aug 2000 07:00:00 GMT
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Daniel Peduzzi wrote:

>

- > Thanks...that is a handy program, and I've used it before in the past.
- > I'm not sure that it can be used for what I want to do, though, since
- > I don't want to remap the data...only display it in its *native*
- > projection with coastal boundaries.
- >
- > In other words, if I have 1000 scanlines of DMSP data (1465 elements
- > wide), and accompanying 1465x1000 lat/lon arrays, I'd like to display
- > a 1465x1000 image overlaid with coastlines.

I did something like this to check if an AVHRR pixel was over land or not.

I'll post the code here in case you are interested. I had to create an image which consisted of 0s and 1s corresponding to sea and land. I did this from IDL using map_set and map_continents (filling it as color=1), then tvrd() and saving into a format handy format (in this case, idl save format) You could try doing it without filling, just keeping the continent outline in a file. I then have to restore this file each time I need to check for land. This is fairly resolution dependent, but works OK for me (AVHRR data around Antarctica).

It's a rather quick and dirty method - but *it works for me*(TM)

Ben

```
;=====
=====
function landmaskcheck, lats, longs

; land_mask.idl is an image which has a 0 over the sea and a 1 over
; land. This was produced from a 2048x2048 window and using the
; map_set and map_continents procedures to define areas of land and sea.
; Then, using the convert_coord function we convert latitudes and
; longitudes to land mask subscripts to determine if that pixel is over
; land.

sizeimg = size(lats)

; this file contains 0s and 1s corresponding to sea/land.
; restoring this file creates an IDL variable called MASK

restore,file='~/cloudcl/data/land_mask.idl'
```

```

; open up a new window

oldwin  = !D.window
window, xs = 2048, ys=2048, /pix, /free
newwin  = !d.window

; setup the map reprojection used to create the land mask file initially

map_set, -90, 0, 0, /ster, /noborder, xmarg=0, ymarg=0, limit=[-30, -90, -45, 0, -80, 90, -55, -135], /iso

; convert the input image longitudes and latitudes to device coordinates
in
; the new reprojection

sub = convert_coord(longs, lats, /data, /to_device)

; squish them to the right size

xsub = reform(sub[0, *], sizeimg[1], sizeimg[2])
ysub = reform(sub[1, *], sizeimg[1], sizeimg[2])

; this bit produces an image (same size as the input) which contains a 1
over
; land and a 0 over the ocean

flag = mask[xsub, ysub]

wdelete, newwin
wset, oldwin

return, flag

end
;=====
=====

```
