Subject: Re: Using two different arrays in the same calculation Posted by steinhh on Fri, 10 Jun 1994 07:44:17 GMT

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In article <thompson.771168039@serts.gsfc.nasa.gov>, thompson@serts.gsfc.nasa.gov (William Thompson) writes: |> ragnar@kvark.fi.uib.no (Ragnar Aas) writes: |> |> >I have the following problem : |> |> >I have two different arrays, (8) of float and (300,8) of float. |> > I want to vectorize the equation and therefore I need to use both > arrays in the same equation. For example : |> |> >newarray=cos(small_array)*sin(large_array) |> > where I want the data in small array to be used over and over 300 times l> >in this calculation. |> > That's simple, |> |> newarray = cos(replicate(1,300)#small array) * sin(large array) It certainly does the trick, Bill, but I wouldn't think that it's more efficient doing 8*300 cosine operations just to vectorize a multiplication of 8*300 elements :-) I'd suggest instead: newarray = replicate(1,300)#cos(small array) * sin(large array) or (I don't know which is the more efficient - would be nice to get some feedback): small_array = reform(small_array,1,8) newarray = rebin(cos(small_array),300,8,/sample) * sin(large_array)

Stein Vidar