Subject: Re: Whats up in opening files: Unix vs. Windows Posted by Paul van Delst on Tue, 13 Mar 2001 14:36:09 GMT

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## Sean Heukels wrote:

>

> I use this code on a Unix System and it has been working fine for 4 years.

>

<code snipped>

>

- > The only thing is that the header is not read properly. It crashes on
- > file header.ebytes, which is set to 0 (0\*2=> array size ?? no way)
- > A piece of what it does read:

>

- > \*\* Structure FILE\_HEADER, 9 tags, length=32:
- > NBLOCKS LONG 3276800 > NTRACES LONG 16777216

>

Should be more like 164 and 220.

Looks like a byte swap problem given that SWAP\_ENDIAN(16777216L) = 1. Posting just the code for this sort of problem isn't enough for diagnosing your problem. On what system was the file created and on what system are you trying to read it. You say "Unix" but have you upgrading your machine(s) or OS in the last 4 years? E.g. going from 32 to 64 bit OS may cause problems. Or a different platform (e.g. IBM->SGI). Regardless, binary files aren't too portable - \*especially\* if you're writing/reading using a structure variable which may or may not be padded to certain byte boundaries (\*Very\* platform dependent) - the endianness notwithstanding. Same problem using derived types in compiled f90/f95 code too.

Personally I only use "regular" binary files for testing algorithms on my development platform and even then I always check for endianness - just in case (some code sticks around like sh\*t to a blanket). For distribution, I (nearly) always use netCDF.

paulv

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Paul van Delst A little learning is a dangerous thing;

CIMSS @ NOAA/NCEP Drink deep, or taste not the Pierian spring;

Ph: (301)763-8000 x7274 There shallow draughts intoxicate the brain,

Fax:(301)763-8545 And drinking largely sobers us again.

paul.vandelst@noaa.gov Alexander Pope.