## Subject: Re: array concatenation and optimization Posted by Andrew Cool on Wed, 26 Sep 2001 23:49:39 GMT

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```
Brian Jackel wrote:
 Hi
>
>
  This is what I generally do
>
   dat= {struct, a:fltarr(3), b:intarr(4), c:0b} ;example structure
>
   OPENR, lun, filename, /GET LUN
   READU, lun, dat ; read one record
>
   fs= FSTAT(lun) ;look at current file information
>
   nrec= fs.size/fs.cur_ptr
   IF (fs.size GT 100000000L) THEN BEGIN ;avoid out-of-memory errors
>
    FREE LUN, lun
>
    MESSAGE, 'Error- file larger than 100Mbytes, returning'
>
   ENDIF
>
   POINT LUN, lun, 0
   data= REPLICATE(dat,nrec)
>
   READU, lun, data : read all the data at once
>
   FREE_LUN,lun
>
  I'm not sure how well this will work with compressed files.
>
                            Brian
>
  Sean Raffuse wrote:
>>
>> Hello.
>>
>> I am trying to read a bunch of data from a file to a structure array. I'm
>> not sure many data entries the file will have until I have read it and so I
>> am increasing the size of the structure array after reading each line. I do
>> this by concatenating.
>>
>> adp_struct_single is the structure as a "scalar"
>> adp struct
                      is the array
>>
>> I concatenate like so:
      adp_struct =[adp_struct, adp_struct_single]
>>
>>
>> This is working but it has increased the processing time of my loop by an
>> order of magnitude. Is there a better way to do this? Is there a reason
>> this is so slow?
>>
>> Thanks in advance.
```

>> >> -Sean Raffuse

G'Day,

Under IDL v5.5, the new routine FILE\_INFO returns much the same information as FSTAT, \*but\* the file doesn't have to be open already!

Nifty.

**Andrew Cool** 

Andrew D. Cool .->-.

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