Subject: Re: Recursive Objects Posted by Martin Downing on Tue, 09 Oct 2001 15:51:15 GMT View Forum Message <> Reply to Message

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"Francesco Belletti" <guenhwyvar@libero.it> wrote in message
news:e7b4ed30.0110090547.79d8e345@posting.google.com...
> Hello.
> I'm a very beginner with IDL so I'm sorry if my question is too
> stupid.
> I need to store a object reference in an object structure:
>
> pro my obj define
   struct = {my_obj, another_obj:OBJ_NEW()}
> end
> After another_obj is zeroed during object creation, it couldn't no
> more be used as an object reference!!
> I've tried to redeclare it
> another_obj=OBJ_NEW()
> but the problem remains.
 It's an IDL bad limit, or my error?
> Thank you,
> Francesco Belletti
```

Francesco,

Objects are handled using OBJREFs, which are very much like pointers. What you have declared is a reference to an object, ie an OBJREF, which you have set to the NULLOBJ. What you need to do next is to point variable to a valid object, eg in your INIT method:

```
function my obj::init, other = other
; see if other is a valid object
if obj valid(other) then begin
 ; ok so set pointer to it
 self.another obj = other
 print, "setting another"
endif
return, 1
end
function my_obj::GET_ANOTHER
return, self.another obj
end
```

```
pro my_obj__define
 struct = {my_obj, another_obj:OBJ_NEW()}
end
Now when you create some objects:
IDL> obj_a = obj_new('my_obj')
IDL> obj_b = obj_new('my_obj',other =obj_a)
setting another
IDL> help, obj_a
OBJ_A OBJREF = <ObjHeapVar1(MY_OBJ)>
IDL> help, obj_b
OBJ_B OBJREF = <ObjHeapVar2(MY_OBJ)>
IDL> help, obj_b->get_another()
<Expression> OBJREF = <ObjHeapVar1(MY_OBJ)>
The second call to obj_new has not created another copy of obj_a but has
stored its address (OBJREF) within obj_b.
```

Hope this helps, good luck with IDL!

Martin