

---

Subject: Re: analyze reader and writer in IDL?  
Posted by G Karas on Wed, 03 Apr 2002 19:00:34 GMT  
[View Forum Message](#) <> [Reply to Message](#)

---

oh, i have a writer as well.. in beta stage  
principles are the same like the reader..  
will post it after i clean it up a little :)

njoy!

GB Karas, M.D.  
Ph.D. Student  
Department of Radiology  
Vrije Universiteit Medical Center  
Amsterdam  
The Netherlands

jacobian\_@\_gmx.net (remove underscore)  
"G Karas" <jacobianat@gmx.net> wrote in message  
news:a8fh70\$226q\$1@scavenger.euro.net...  
> ermmm, found some code somewhere on the web..  
> cleaned it up and fixed some bugs..  
> uses the excellent endian() routine by Stern :)  
> the guy who did the original code: please contact so  
> I can put you in the (c) :)

>  
> still uses point\_lun, i am not good at assoc() yet :p  
>  
> here it comes:

>  
> FUNCTION IMPORT\_ANALYZE, volume\_name  
>  
>  
>  
> ; \$Id: import\_analyze.pro,v 1.3 2001/12/22 gk Exp \$  
> ;  
> ; Copyright (c) 2001-2002, GB Karas All rights reserved.  
> ; Unauthorized reproduction prohibited.  
> ;+  
> ; NAME: import\_analyze  
> ;  
> ; PURPOSE: This function should import an analyze volume  
> ; and return a structure with the image and all  
> ; the header details. The function returns a  
> ; structure with all the necessary details needed  
> ; to work with an ANALYZE volume  
> ;  
> ; MAJOR TOPICS: VBM  
> ;

```

> ; CALLING SEQUENCE: import_analyze(filename)
> ;           * filename can be either *.img or *.hdr
> ;           procedure converts to correct extension
> ;
> ; PROCEDURE: import_analyze
> ;
> ; CALLED MAJOR FUNCTIONS and PROCEDURES: endian()
> ;
> ; EXPLANATION: just an input utility
> ;
> ; --> ANALYZE HEADER positions
> ;
> ; Description of an ANALYZE header file for reference
> ;
> ; this is how the header looks (note: int == long in IDL!)
> ; byte
> ; 0 int      sizeof_hdr; /* For ANALYZE compatibility only
> */
> ; 4 char     pad1[28];
> ; 32 int     extents; /* For ANALYZE compatibility only
> */
> ; 36 char    pad2[2];
> ; 38 char    regular; /* For ANALYZE compatibility only
> */
> ; 39 char    pad3;
> ; 40 short int ndim; /* For ANALYZE compatibility only
> */
> ; 42 short int dims[7]; /* AIR */
> ; 56 char    pad4[14];
> ; 70 short int datatype; /* For ANALYZE compatibility only
> */
> ; 72 short int bits; /* AIR */
> ; 74 char    pad5[6];
> ; 80 float   pixel_sizes[7]; /* AIR */
> ; 108 float  scale_offset; /* SPM */
> ; 112 float  scale_factor; /* SPM */
> ; 116 char   pad6[24];
> ; 140 int    glmax; /* AIR */
> ; 144 int    glmin; /* AIR */
> ; 148 char   descrip[80]; /* AIR (non-essential) */
> ; 228 char   pad7[??];
> ; 254 short int origin[3]; /* SPM */
> ; 260 char   pad8[??];
> ; 348
> ;
> ;
> ; ANALYZE Structure FORMAT:
>

```

```

> ; analyze_vol = {
> ;   vol_name: vol_name,    $
> ;   hdr_name: hdr_name,   $
> ;   ndims : n,           $
> ;   x_dim  : x_dim,      $
> ;   y_dim  : y_dim,      $
> ;   z_dim  : z_dim,      $
> ;   spmtype : spm_type,  $
> ;   idl_type: type,      $
> ;   x_vox  : x_vox,      $
> ;   y_vox  : y_vox,      $
> ;   z_vox  : z_vox,      $
> ;   m_sc   : m,          $
> ;   b_sc   : b,          $
> ;   sp_org : origin,     $
> ;   data   : raw_volume $ 
> ;
> ;
> ; Creation Date: 2001-08-31
> ; by Giorgos Karas (c)
> ;
> ;
> ; Modification history
> ;
> ; 2001-09-02: Added an endian check to load files with either big or
> ;               little endian byte-order. This is accomplished by checking
> ;               if number 348 is present in the first 4 bytes of the
> ;               header or not. (GBK)
> ;
> ; 2001-10-22: Fixed the routine to work cross platform. Trick was to check
> ; the
> ;       header file for 3000L and see if it is more than that and
then
> ;       compare that to os version. (GBK)
> ;
> ; 2001-11-12: Fixed the structure returned as anonymous structure. This
way
> ;       conflicts were eliminated when opening multiple files. GBK
> ;
> ; 2001-12-22: Fixed the procedure to read in Analyze 32bit volumes. In the
> case
> ;       statement changed the type 32->6 to 32->5. Read IDL Docus
for
> ;       various datatypes. Short copy-pasting here:
> ; Type Code Data Type
> ; 0 Undefined
> ; 1 Byte
> ; 2 Integer (16-bit)
> ; 3 Longword integer (32-bit)

```

```

> ; 4 Floating point
> ; 5 Double-precision floating
> ; 6 Complex floating
> ; 7 String
> ; 8 Structure
> ; 9 Double-precision complex floating
> ; 10 Pointer
> ; 11 Object reference
> ; 12 Unsigned integer (16-bit)
> ; 13 Unsigned longword integer (32-bit)
> ; 14 64-bit integer
> ; 15 Unsigned 64-bit integer
> ;
> ; (GBK)
> ;
> ; 2002-02-27: Added ability to read AIR compatible files. These files
have
> ;      an integer on position 72 of the file. Bug fixed. (GBK)
> ;
> ; 2002-03-04: Used the endian() procedure ability to check for endian. 0
is
> ;      for little endian and 1 for big endian.(GBK)
> ;
> ; 2002-03-08: Improved the endian check. Now system reports system status
> ;      and file status (big or little endian). Added testing
> ;      for files not in .hdr + .img format (GBK)
> ;
> ; Bugs:
> ;
> ;
> ;
> ;
> ;
> ;
> ;
> ; check if a value has been passed to the function
>
> if N_ELEMENTS(volume_name) EQ 0 then begin
>   print, 'import_analyze.pro error: No volume name set. Please choose a
>   volume'
>   return, 0
> endif
>
>
>
> ; extract the volume name, and create the header and raw data names
>
> fname_pos = STRPOS(volume_name, '.', /REVERSE_SEARCH)
> raw_name = STRMID(volume_name, 0, fname_pos)
> vol_name = raw_name + '.img'

```

```

> hdr_name = raw_name + '.hdr'
>
> ; test if both files exist
> if (file_test(vol_name) EQ 0) then begin
>   print, 'img data file not found. Exiting...'
>   return, -1
> endif
>
> if (file_test(hdr_name) EQ 0) then begin
>   print, 'Header file not found. Exiting...'
>   return, -1
> endif
>
>
> print, 'Importing.. ',raw_name
>
>
>
> ; Check if platform is little Endian and set an appropriate flag
> ;
> if (endian() EQ 0) then begin
>   os_flag = 'little'
>   print, 'Platform is little endian'
> endif else begin
>   os_flag = 'big'
>   print, 'Platform is big endian'
> endelse
>
>
>
> ; Read in the header file. Also check if it is possible to read the header
> file
>
> openr, luna, hdr_name, /get_lun, err=err
>
> if (err ne 0) then begin
>   print, 'The .hdr file could not be read. Please check your data'
> endif
>
>
>
> ; Check if it is a Big or LittleEndian ANALYZE header file
>
> endian_val=3000L
> readu, luna, endian_val
>
> if endian_val GT 3000L then begin

```

```

> free_lun, luna
> endian_flag = 'swaped'
> openr, luna, hdr_name, /get_lun, err=err, /SWAP_ENDIAN
>
>
> if (os_flag EQ 'big') then begin
>   print, 'Header is little endian'
>   endif else begin
>   print, 'Header is big endian'
>   endelse
>
> print, 'ENDIAN SWAPPED'
>
> endif else begin
>   endian_flag = 'native'
>
> if (os_flag EQ 'big') then begin
>   print, 'Header is also big endian'
>   endif else begin
>   print, 'Header is also little endian'
>   endelse
>
> print, 'ENDIAN KEPT'
>
> endelse
>
>
>
> ; Recalculate the header size ; correct this time
> point_lun, luna, 0
> endian_val=348L
> readu, luna, endian_val
>
>
>
> ; number of dimensions
> n=1000
> point_lun, luna, 40
> readu, luna, n
> ;n = n - 1 ; 4 dims means 3 dims and the intensities (4 dims)
>
>
> ; Dimension x,y,z
> dims = intarr(4)
> readu,luna, dims
>
> x_dim = dims(0)
> y_dim = dims(1)

```

```
> z_dim = dims(2)
>
>
>
> ; data type and convert it to IDL datatype!
> ; Fix it here to read 32bit images as well
> ; Also the little field next to it
>
> type = 1000
> point_lun,luna, 70
> readu, luna, type
> spm_type = type
>
> case type of
> 2: type=1
> 4: type=2
> 8: type=3
> 16: type=4
> 32: type=5 ; was 6 - bug fixed
> 64: type=5
> else: begin
>   tmp=widget_message("Data type not recognized. Trying 'byte'.")
>   type=1
> end
> endcase
>
>
> ; AIR.TYPE
> airtype = 16
> point_lun, luna, 72
> readu, luna, airtype
>
>
> ; voxel sizes
> voxelsize = fltarr(3)
> point_lun, luna, 80
> readu, luna, voxelsize
>
> x_vox = voxelsize[0]
> y_vox = voxelsize[1]
> z_vox = voxelsize[2]
>
>
> ; scaling
> ; check this one again
> m = 1.0
> b = 0.0
> point_lun, luna, 108
```

```

> readu, luna, b
> readu, luna, m
>
> if (m eq 0) then m = 1
>
>
>
> ; spatial origin
> ; Needed by SPM
> origin = fix([0,0,0])
> point_lun,luna, 253
> readu, luna, origin
>
> free_lun, luna
>
>
>
> ; Read in volume - check for endian structure
> ; If the header is ok, then import as is
> ; if header not ok, and we are in little endian import a big endian
> ; and if we are in big endian import a little endian =)
>
> if endian_flag EQ 'native' then begin
>   raw_volume = read_binary(vol_name, DATA_TYPE = type, DATA_DIMS=[x_dim,
>   y_dim, z_dim], endian = 'native')
>   endif else begin
>
>   if os_flag EQ 'little' then begin
>     raw_volume = read_binary(vol_name, DATA_TYPE = type, DATA_DIMS=[x_dim,
>     y_dim, z_dim], endian = 'big')
>     endif else begin
>       raw_volume = read_binary(vol_name, DATA_TYPE = type, DATA_DIMS=[x_dim,
>       y_dim, z_dim], endian = 'little')
>     endelse
>
>   endelse
>
>
>   ; Put everything in a structure and return it to the main procedure
>   ;analyze_vol = {VOL_INFO, $
>
>   analyze_vol = {           $
>     vol_name: vol_name,   $
>     hdr_name: hdr_name,   $
>     ndims : n,            $
>     x_dim  : x_dim,        $
>     y_dim  : y_dim,        $
>     z_dim  : z_dim,        $

```

```

>      spmtype : spm_type,    $
>      idl_type: type,      $
>      air_type: airtype,   $
>      x_vox  : x_vox,     $
>      y_vox  : y_vox,     $
>      z_vox  : z_vox,     $
>      m_sc   : m,         $
>      b_sc   : b,         $
>      sp_org : origin,   $
>      data   : raw_volume $
>  }
>
>
>
> return, analyze_vol
>
> END
>
>
> ;-----
> ;+
> ; NAME:
> ;   ENDIAN
> ; PURPOSE:
> ;   Function indicating which endian the current machine uses.
> ; CATEGORY:
> ; CALLING SEQUENCE:
> ;   f = endian()
> ; INPUTS:
> ; KEYWORD PARAMETERS:
> ;   Keywords:
> ;     /LIST means list result to screen.
> ;     /TEXT means return /LIST text.
> ; OUTPUTS:
> ;   f = 0 if little, 1 if big.    out
> ; COMMON BLOCKS:
> ; NOTES:
> ;   Note: this is the order the bytes are for multibyte
> ;   numeric values. Use the IDL procedure BYTEORDER
> ;   to switch endian (use /LSWAP for 4 byte integers,
> ;   /L64SWAP for 8 byte integers).
> ; MODIFICATION HISTORY:
> ;   R. Sterner, 1999 Dec 13
> ;   R. Sterner, 2000 Apr 11 --- Added /TEXT
> ;
> ; Copyright (C) 1999, Johns Hopkins University/Applied Physics Laboratory
> ; This software may be used, copied, or redistributed as long as it is not
> ; sold and this copyright notice is reproduced on each copy made. This

```

```
> ; routine is provided as is without any express or implied warranties
> ; whatsoever. Other limitations apply as described in the file
> disclaimer.txt.
> ;-
> ;-----
> function endian, list=list, text=text, help=hlp
>
> if keyword_set(hlp) then begin
>   print,' Function indicating which endian the current machine uses.'
>   print,' f = endian()'
>   print,' No args.'
>   print,' f = 0 if little, 1 if big.    out'
>   print,' Keywords:'
>   print,' /LIST means list result to screen.'
>   print,' /TEXT means return /LIST text.'
>   print,' Note: this is the order the bytes are for multibyte'
>   print,' numeric values. Use the IDL procedure BYTEORDER'
>   print,' to switch endian (use /LSWAP for 4 byte integers,'
>   print,' /L64SWAP for 8 byte integers).'
>   return,"
> endif
>
> if fix([0B,1B],0) eq 1 then f=1 else f=0
> if (not keyword_set(list)) and (not keyword_set(text)) then return, f
>
> h = getenv('HOST')
> txt = h+' is '+(['little','big'])(f)+' endian'
> if keyword_set(list) then begin
>   print,''
>   print,' '+txt+'.'
> endif
> if keyword_set(text) then f=txt
> return,f
>
> end
>
> "Michael A. Miller" <miller3@iupui.edu> wrote in message
> news:87zo0kstnh.fsf_-@lumen.indyrad.iupui.edu...
>> Can anyone point me to IDL codes for reading and writing analyze
>> format images as defined by Mayo's Analyze and discussed at
>> http://www.dclunie.com/medical-image-faq/html/part5.html ?
>>
>> I've got some beginning of my own reader/writer. If there isn't
>> anything else out there, I'll clean it up and eventually make it
>> available.
>>
>> Mike
>>
```

>> P.S. Thanks for all the followups to my question about getting  
>> access to command line arguments.  
>>  
>> --  
>> Michael A. Miller mmiller3@iupui.edu  
>> Imaging Sciences, Department of Radiology, IU School of Medicine  
>  
>

---