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Subject: Re: IDL ROT function

Posted by [thompson](#) on Tue, 28 May 2002 22:27:01 GMT

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James Kuyper <[kuyper@gscmail.gsfc.nasa.gov](mailto:kuyper@gscmail.gsfc.nasa.gov)> writes:

> David Fanning wrote:

>> Alok Nagdev ([nagdev@csee.usf.edu](mailto:nagdev@csee.usf.edu)) writes:

>>

>>

>>> I have a big image 2160x1440 pixels. After rotating the image

>>> by arbitrary amount a square image turns into a parallelogram.

>>

>>

>> Uh, my math isn't what it used to be after that fall I

>> took at the last IDL Expert Programmer's Association

>> annual gala, but doesn't "square" mean that it has the

>> same number of pixels on all sides. :-(

> No, not if !D.X\_PX\_CM NE !D.Y\_PX\_CM. Furthermore, it is the rhombus that

> has all four sides equal. Whether or not it's a square also depends upon

> the angles, and not just the lengths of the sides.

ROT is a purely mathematical function. It doesn't know anything about screen parameters. It would make sense, though, if there were a way to pass in asymmetric scale parameters as a keyword. Unfortunately, the current implementation doesn't have this feature (or at least not in v5.4). It wouldn't be hard, though, to add it in. The source code is available at `$IDL_DIR/lib/rot.pro`, and shouldn't be hard to modify. You could probably even get RSI to implement your changes in future releases.

William Thompson

P.S. My, my! It's been many years since I ran into a graphics device that had non-square pixels. That takes me back!

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