Subject: 2D FFT help Posted by Randall Skelton on Tue, 08 Oct 2002 14:58:32 GMT View Forum Message <> Reply to Message

Greetings all,

I am trying to perform a multi-dimensional FFT in IDL. I thought I had this figured out (example 1) but I am now feeling (example 2) that this isn't guite right. Can someone please help me overcome my misconception?

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; Example 1: Quick 2D FFT testing - square in a plane
a = fltarr(128,128); 2\(^n\) sized array
a[62:66,62:66] = 1; NB: this is a square, not a circle
: Plot the input
surface, a
; Shift the array (element 0 must contains the zero frequency component)
a shifted = shift(a, -1*64, -1*64)
: Perform the FFT
b = fft(a_shifted, /double)
; Shift the array (correct element 0 being the zero frequency component)
b_{fixed} = shift(b, -1*64, -1*64)
; Plot the result
surface, b_fixed
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; Example 2: Diagonal
cov = fltarr(128, 128)
                          ; 2<sup>n</sup> sized array
cov[indgen(128),indgen(128)] = 1; diagonal
; Plot the input
surface, cov
; Shift the array (element 0 must contains the zero frequency component)
cov\_shifted = shift(cov, -1*64, -1*64)
: Perform the FFT
spec_cov = fft(cov_shifted, /double)
; Shift the array (correct element 0 being the zero frequency component)
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spec_fixed = shift(spec_cov, -1*64, -1*64)
; Plot the result
surface, spec_fixed

So, in the first case, the answer looks correct and is a slight deviation from the standard textbook example of the FFT of a cylinder. In the second case, however, the results looks to be rotated by 90 degrees in the plane, i.e. I think the result and input should look identical. Can someone explain what I have done wrong? I am also somewhat troubled by the spike currently at (0,0)?

Any and all help is greatly appreciated!

Cheers, Randall