## Subject: Re: Need efficient routine to calculate max of two arrays Posted by kommers on Wed, 25 Jan 1995 02:45:34 GMT

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- > In article <3g3p8i\$1o6@cobra.aer.com>, gallery@aer.com (William O. Gallery) writes:
- > |> Here is the problem:
- > |>
- > |> There are two arrays: a and b of equal length, I want to calculate
- > |> an array c of the same length so that:
- > |> c(i) = min(a(i),b(i))

I think the < and > operators implement this functionality efficiently. For example:

IDL> 
$$a = [5,4,3,2,1]$$
  
IDL>  $b = [1,2,3,4,5]$   
IDL>  $c = a < b$   
IDL> print,  $c$   
1 2 3 2 1

The < operator does the "min" part, and > does the "max" part. For more info, see under "operators" in the User's Guide.

Cheers,

Jeff