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Subject: Re: Reading a table of data quickly  
Posted by [grunes](#) on Sat, 01 Mar 2003 18:54:50 GMT  
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> doesn't it require  
>  
> data = dblarr(numberOfColumns, numberOfRows)?  
>  
> i.e. isn't the "column" the index that would vary the fastest (just  
> like in ASCII files)?

This addresses one of the most obvious flaws of IDL and PV-WAVE.

Mathematically, the first subscript index is always the row, the second is the col.

But IDL and PV-WAVE treat it the other way around for the PRINT, PRINTF and TV statements. I suspect this has to do with storage order: IDL took its order from languages like FORTRAN, where the first index increments fastest with storage location (i.e., matrix elements with the same second index are stored contiguously).

(Let us leave out more than 2D arrays for this discussion.)

The early IDL documentation documented this quite well. They basically said the "real" representation was (row,col), but the print, printf and TV statements got it transposed. So, for example, "#", not "##" was standard matrix multiplication. (TV is a little more complicated, since by default !order, it goes bottom up rather than top down.)

This got more complicated with later versions. PV-WAVE added PM (print matrix?) which fixed the problem for print.

IDL documentation is now quite mixed, last I checked (i.e., IDL 5.4 or so). Some of it views columns as along the first dimension, some as along the second dimension. Sometimes the only way to figure things out is to try them. Sometimes they try to explain this as "col-order" vs "row-order" storage order, but that actually explains nothing; it is a separate issue altogether.

This is the sort of thing that sometimes makes me just want to sit down and design my own language. I might do it if I ever get the time to understand how to do graphics under windows and X. (Perhaps based on APL? The presence of empty arrays simplifies program logic so much.) RSI and VNI ought to keep both the language and the documentation upwards compatible, but they don't.

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