## Subject: Re: Fortran unformatted data: Big or little endian Posted by Michael Schroeter on Wed, 30 Apr 2003 13:30:13 GMT

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David Fanning wrote:
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> Michael Schroeter (schroeter@muk.uni-hannover.de) writes:
>
>
>> I have a problem reading Fortran unformatted data in IDL. I have a file
>> containing data of well known size (e.g., an array of 100 x 100 single
>> precision floating point values). Unfortunately, I don't know something
>> about the machine (big or little endian machine) on which the file has
>> been produced. Is there a way to get this information on the fly by IDL
>> in order to open the file automatically in the correctly (using the
>> /SWAP_ENDIAN option or not). The way I used so far was trial and error.
>> But since I have many of those files I'm searching for a solution
>> without recompiling my source code.
>>
>> Do you have any ideas?
>
> Here is an article with some ideas:
>
    http://www.dfanning.com/tips/endian_machines.html
>
>
>
 Cheers,
> David
>
Hi David.
the problem is that I don't know the "endian nature" of the machine that
```

created the data.

In the meanwhile I tried using error catching, like shown in this code-snippet:

```
array = FLTARR(100,100)
OPENR, lun, data file, /F77 UNFORMATTED, /GET LUN
CATCH, error_status
IF error status NE 0 THEN BEGIN
  PRINT, 'Error index: ', error_status
  PRINT, 'Error message: ', !ERROR_STATE.MSG
  FREE LUN, lun
  OPENR, lun, data file, /SWAP ENDIAN, /F77 UNFORMATTED, /GET LUN
  READU, lun, array
```

CATCH, /CANCEL ENDIF ELSE BEIN READU, array ENDELSE

and it works (up to now ;-)).

Anyway, thanks and best regards

Michael