Subject: normalized cross correlation: Improving performance (?) Posted by pogen2 on Thu, 05 Jun 2003 14:37:31 GMT

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How can I perform the following normalized cross correlation between an image and a template (not of the same size) without the use of two FOR loops?

```
> ;f is the transformed image and w is the template (reference image)
>
  t = systime(1)
>
> rsz = size(w)
                     :dimension KxJ
> tsz = size(f)
                    :dimension MxN
> a = (rsz[1]-1)/2
                     ;a=(K-1)/2
> b = (rsz[2]-1)/2
                     ;b=(J-1)/2
> IF rsz[0] NE tsz[0] THEN message, 'ERROR:template and image must have the same
dimension'
  IF rsz[4] GT tsz[4] THEN message, 'ERROR:template bigger than image'
  crosscorr = FLTARR(tsz[1]-rsz[1]+1,tsz[2]-rsz[2]+1); dimension M-K+1 x N-J+1
>
>
  FOR x=a, tsz[1]-(a+1) DO BEGIN
    FOR y=b, tsz[2]-(b+1) DO BEGIN
>
>
       f2 = f[x-a:x+a,y-b:y+b]
>
       wavq = total(w)/rsz[4]
                                  ;reference image average
>
       favg = total(f2) /tsz[4]
                                ;transformed image average
>
       ; The cross correlation
>
       ;crosscorr = ((w-wavg))*((f-favg))
>
       ;crosscorr = total(crosscorr)/rsz[4]
>
>
       ; The normalized cross correlation (in range [-1,+1])
>
       ww = (w-wavg)
>
       ff = (f2-favg)
>
       crosscorr[x-a,y-b] = total(ww*ff)/sqrt(total(ww^2)*total(ff^2))
>
>
    ENDFOR
>
  ENDFOR
I tried something with arrays such as:
```

> subs arr = ["'something working""]

; array of subscripts

```
farr = FLTARR(rsz[4],tsz[1]-rsz[1]+1,tsz[2]-rsz[2]+1); dimension K*J x M-K+1 x N-J+1
>
> ;the next line is the tricky part that isn't working. If something
can be done so that
> ; farr becomes an array of M-K+1 x N-J+1 (which is the size of the
crosscorr coefficients
> ;array) vectors each one containing the pixels of the masked area of
f, it would be
> ;wonderful!
>
  farr[*,subs_arr[?],subs_arr[?]] = reform(f[?:?+2*a,?:?+2*b],1)
>
> ;the following should be working after that...
>
  wavg = total(w)/rsz[4]
                                  ;reference image average
   favg = total(farr,1) /rsz[4]
                                 transformed image average;
>
>
       ; The cross correlation
>
        ;crosscorr = ((w-wavg))*((f-favg))
>
       ;crosscorr = total(crosscorr)/rsz[4]
>
>
       ; The normalized cross correlation (in range [-1,+1])
>
       ww = (w-wavg)
>
       ff = (farr-favg)
>
       crosscorr = total(reform(ww,1)*ff,1)/sqrt(total(ww^2)*total(ff^2,1))
```

Thank you for any help,

Pier Genest