Subject: Re: Reversing a multi-dimensional array Posted by Dick Jackson on Mon, 07 Jul 2003 16:30:46 GMT

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Hi Andy,

"Andy Loughe (remove OMITs)" <Andrew.LougheOMIT@noaaOMIT.govOMIT> wrote in message news:3F04BF29.7030406@noaaOMIT.govOMIT...

> Hello,

>

- > I have a 4-dimensional array, but it could someday grow to become
- > 6 or 7 dimensions. What I would like to do is reverse the entire
- > array, so that if it is now: a(i,j,k,l) it becomes a(l,k,j,i).

>

> What is the most efficient method for accomplishing this in IDL?

While I wouldn't call this a reversal of the array (rather, a transposition reversing the dimensions of the array), I think what you're looking for is:

a = Transpose(a)

The reversal of dimensions is the default behaviour of Transpose, equivalent to:

a = Transpose(a, [3, 2, 1, 0])

If you needed some other ordering, you would give a different ordering of values in the array.

Cheers.

--

-Dick

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