## Subject: Re: Map transparent image Posted by Haje Korth on Tue, 01 Jul 2003 19:49:00 GMT View Forum Message <> Reply to Message

Michael,

this is a neat formula and I will print it for safe-keeping. I am fiddling with the object graphics alpha blending and it works nicely. I knew this could be reduced to one line of code, I just couldn't figure it out!

Thanks, Haje

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"Michael A. Miller" <mmiller3@iupui.edu> wrote in message
news:87vfumnjbh.fsf@lumen.indyrad.iupui.edu...
>>>> >> "Haje" == Haje Korth <haje.korth@jhuapl.edu> writes:
>> I am trying to overlay a grey-shaded mask over an image to
>> indicate areas where sample data are less
>> reliable. However, I want the grey shaded area to be
>> transparent so that I can still see the underlying data
>> points.
> ...
>> Does anyone know, how the mask can be worked into the image
>> prior to display? What is the math that one would apply?
>
> One method that you might like is alpha blending. If you have
> two images with two different colors (from two color maps say),
> calculate a new color map like
>
    RGB = BYTE( alpha * FLOAT(baseRGB) + (1.0 - alpha) *
FLOAT(overlayRGB))
>
 where the *RGB are RGB 3-tuples. You can do this by hand, so to
> speak, in your own code if you are using direct graphics, or you
  can use the alpha blending that is built into object graphics.
>
> Mike
>
> Michael A. Miller
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   Imaging Sciences, Department of Radiology, IU School of Medicine
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