
Subject: Re: Splitting An Array Of Strings Without Using Loops
Posted by [darrick.white](#) on Thu, 31 Jul 2003 15:39:36 GMT
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JD Smith <jdsmith@as.arizona.edu> wrote in message
news:<pan.2003.07.28.23.00.27.659018.15959@as.arizona.edu>...

> On Mon, 28 Jul 2003 11:24:50 -0700, Rick Towler wrote:

>

>

>> "Darrick White" wrote...

>>

>>> It looks like I'm not explaining my problem clearly.

>

>>> Is there a way (not knowing what data set input is used) to transform

>>> my data into the corresponding result array?

>>

>> I don't think the issue is one of clarity, but of possibility. Unless

>> JD can save you with some magical incarnation of HISTOGRAM you are going

>> to have to change your design criteria or use a loop. If performance is

>> really that important write this function in C.

>>

>> -Rick

>

>

> Come on people. I don't use HISTOGRAM for everything. I use it very

> rarely, in fact.

>

> How about something like:

>

> nums=strsplit(strjoin(data,','),',',/EXTRACT)

> cnts=long(total(byte(data) eq 58b,1))+1L

>

> Now you have a list of tuple-counts and the tuples themselves in a long

> list. You could (yes) use HISTOGRAM or perhaps many other methods to

> stick these into an array as you describe without looping, but rather than

> show something you'd forget 5 minutes after dropping it into your code,

> I'll join Rick in saying that if parsing these strings quickly is this

> important to you, you'll get better results by re-designing the input

> format, or pre-parsing them using a language better suited to these

> manipulations. And on the off chance that you're suffering from the

> "must-optimize-everything-in-sight" disease, you'll want to make sure a

> readable and straightforward input loop won't meet your needs before

> venturing too far into IDL esoterica:

>

> b=make_array(/LONG,VALUE=-1,max(cnt),n_elements(data))

> for i=0,n_elements(data)-1 do b[0,i]=strsplit(data[i],',',/EXTRACT)

>

> Note that there's no integer (long or otherwise) definition of NaN, so I

```
> used -1.  
>  
> JD
```

Thank you.

`cnts=long(total(byte(data) eq 58b,1))+1L` was what I was looking for.

-Darrick
