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Subject: Re: WHERE problems (longish)

Posted by [Paul Van Delst\[1\]](#) on Tue, 22 Jul 2003 16:45:54 GMT

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David Fanning wrote:

>  
> Benjamin Panter writes:  
>  
>> The values which have -1 certainly exist - and were generated in exactly  
>> the same way as the others. I've put the array online if anyone fancies  
>> looking at it - [http://www.roe.ac.uk/~bdp/where\\_problem.idl](http://www.roe.ac.uk/~bdp/where_problem.idl)  
>>  
>> Am I being stupid again? What is special about 2980,3000 and 3020??  
>  
> There is nothing special about \*those\* numbers, but those  
> are not the numbers you are using in your WHERE statement.  
> You are using 2980.0, 3000.0, and 3020.0. While there isn't  
> a big difference between integers and floats to you, there  
> is a HUGE difference to a computer. Better read these articles:  
>  
> [http://www.dfanning.com/math\\_tips/sky\\_is\\_falling.html](http://www.dfanning.com/math_tips/sky_is_falling.html)  
> [http://www.dfanning.com/math\\_tips/razoredge.html](http://www.dfanning.com/math_tips/razoredge.html)

Hmm. Reading that razor's edge article made me dig out a little f90 program I wrote to determine the real number spacing.

Given some number, A, one can do:

```
exponent=ceil(alog(abs(A))/alog(2.0d))
radix=2.0d ; (machar(/double)).ibeta ??
epsilon=(machar(/double)).eps
spacing=epsilon * (radix^(exponent-1))
```

So for, say, A = 1.234568d+16

EXPONENT	LONG	=	54
SPACING	DOUBLE	=	2.0000000

For A = 1.234568d+01

EXPONENT	LONG	=	4
SPACING	DOUBLE	=	1.7763568e-15

For A = 1.234568d-01

EXPONENT	LONG	=	-3
SPACING	DOUBLE	=	1.3877788e-17

and for A = 1.234568d-16

EXPONENT	LONG	=	-52
SPACING	DOUBLE	=	2.4651903e-32

which agree with the outputs of my f90 code using the intrinsic functions EXPONENT and SPACING. The problem is, of course, what to do when  $A = 0.0$ . I would just use  $\text{spacing} = \text{epsilon}/2.0$ . I think that, in this case, doing something like

```
two=2.0d
radix=two
IF ( A .eq. 0.0 ) THEN $
  spacing = epsilon/two $
ELSE BEGIN
  exponent=ceil(alog(abs(A))/alog(two))
  spacing=epsilon * (radix^(exponent-1))
ENDELSE
```

where you are counting on the equality check .EQ. \*not\* to work for numbers that aren't represented as exactly zero (since exact zero can be represented). But I'm not sure. You may also need a check to limit the calculated exponent to the range allowed (the minexp and maxexp fields of the output from machar).

ANYway.... back to work....

paulv

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