Subject: Re: Setting data coordinates Posted by David Fanning on Tue, 29 Jul 2003 23:05:09 GMT View Forum Message <> Reply to Message

## Marshall Perrin writes:

- > I must confess to not fully understanding the "behind-the-scenes"
- > details of how IDL handles converting between device, data, and normal
- > coordinates in object graphics. I'd like to be able to explicitly
- > set the conversion to data coordinates myself sometimes, and I'm not
- > clear on how to do this. It's probably some system variable I need to
- > set, I assume, but the docs have been less than forthcoming with which one...

No, there is no "system variable". You are thinking direct graphics. :-)

The secret to understanding coordinate systems in object graphics is to realize that there \*are\* no coordinate systems in object graphics, except the one you make up yourself, in whatever arbitrary units suits your purpose. This arbitrary "view volume" is determined by the viewplane rectangle and the near and far view planes.

Once you have decided on your coordinate system, you just have to scale and translate all your objects into that system. This is usually done by getting the natural data range of the object (an image has a natural range corresponding to the number of pixels in the image), then doing the scaling and translating (I always use my NORMALIZE routine because I've never been able to reliably do all the math in this part), and, finally, putting it all together with the [XYZ]Coord\_Conv keywords.

- > The application I have in mind is to display an image on screen, then
- > set the data-to-device coordinate conversion properly so that I can
- > then overplot points on my image (providing the points in data coordinates)
- > and have them appear in the correct location on screen (in device coordinates).
- > Should be simple, right? Any tips greatly appreciated.

So, this is the way I would do this. (Using my NORMALIZE routine, which you can find on my web page.) Suppose you want to display your image in arbitrary lat/lon coordinates of -180 to 180 and -90 to 90.

theView=Obj\_New('IDLgrView', Viewplane\_Rect=[-180, -90, 360, 180]) thelmage = Obj\_New('IDLgrImage', myimage) theImage -> GetProperty, XRange=xr, YRange=yr xs = Normalize(xr, Position=[-180, 180])

ys = Normalize(yr, Position=[-90,90]) theImage -> SetProperty, XCoord\_Conv=xs, YCoord\_Conv=ys

Now you are ready to add whatever you like on top of the image. Just specify the things you add in lat/lon coordinates.

Cheers,

David

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