Subject: Re: Astronomys` Sixth Neighbour Needs Help Posted by wmconnolley on Mon, 11 Aug 2003 15:28:32 GMT View Forum Message <> Reply to Message

I come across this sometimes. The basis of the solution is usually something like:

- > lon1=data.longitude & lon1(i)=-999
- > lat1=data.latitude & lat1(i)=-999
- > mindist=min(sqrt((lon1-lon1(i))^2+(lat1-lat1(i)^2),j)

That finds you the closest city (j), without using the inner loop, and so is much faster. OK, it uses distance in lat-lon space: if you care about the exact coordinates you can use convert_coord to get it in whatever map projection you are using.

-W.

--

William M Connolley | wmc@bas.ac.uk | http://www.antarctica.ac.uk/met/wmc/Climate Modeller, British Antarctic Survey | Disclaimer: I speak for myself I'm a .signature virus! copy me into your .signature file & help me spread!