Subject: Re: Co-Linear Contour Points

Posted by Chris Lee on Wed, 17 Sep 2003 08:16:50 GMT

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In article <ae902fd4.0309161203.125f6b7b@posting.google.com>, "Nate Doyle" <doyle@lasp.colorado.edu> wrote:

- > I'm trying to plot a contour and am getting an error that tells me my
- > points are co-linear. I'm not exactly sure what's going on so I figured
- > I'd appeal to you people. I've tried lots of different things
- > (including searching through the archives, but to no avail) but here's
- > the current version of the code. The darkinfo structures contain
- > latitudes and longitudes and the g_flux is what I'm trying to map
- > (electron count rates). The order here is that which everything gets
- > plotted in my code. I left out some stuff in between so as to not bog
- > things down with too much code.
- > map set,/goodes,/continents,title='Dark Area Count Rates For Mapping The
- > SAA'
- > plots,darkinfo.sc_lon,darkinfo.sc_lat,psym=3,\$
- > color=fix(alog10(darkinfo.g_flux))+1
- > z=darkinfo.q flux
- > x=darkinfo.sc lon
- > v=darkinfo.sc lat
- > contour,z,x,y,/irregular,/overplot
- > Thanks in advance
- > Nate

It usually means that you probably don't have irregularly gridded data. The error is being generated by the TRIANGULATE procedure, from the IDL help file...

Setting IRREGULAR is the same as performing an explicit triangulation. That is:

CONTOUR, Z, X, Y, /IRREGULAR

is the same as

TRIANGULATE, X, Y, tri ;Get triangulation CONTOUR, Z, X, Y, TRIANGULATION=tri

If you try TRIANGULATE(ing) the data yourself it will complain that the data is co-linear, this mean that the data points are regularly spaced (at least, that's the only way I can get the error), if you have

x=[1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8] y=[1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8] triangulate, x,y, tri=tri;...points are co-linear error

x=[1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8] y=[1,2,3,4,5,6,7,9]; note the _9_ triangulate, x,y, tri=tri ;no error.

,,,,,,,,,,,,

The IRREGULAR keyword is used if you have (say) 50 measurements at 50 different x and y values. Not when you have 2500 measurements (with 50 measurements at each of 50 different latitudes etc.)

You should check the dimensionality of z,x and y. My guess is that

$$z=z(n_x,n_y), x=x(n_x), y=y(n_y)$$

and not

$$z=z(n)$$
, $x=x(n)$, $y=y(n)$

Chris.