Subject: Re: null array Posted by Stein Vidar Hagfors H[2] on Tue, 30 Sep 2003 19:36:36 GMT View Forum Message <> Reply to Message

Well, David, always pluggin' the pointers, eh?

Using pointers simply because of their ability to point to undefined variables seems a bit overkill to me, though. A variable in itself is just as good at representing an undefined variable... as in:

if n_elements(variable) eq 0 then print, "Variable undefined" \$ else variable = [initValue]

And the way to "undefine" a variable is the good old

dummy = temporary(variable)

David Fanning <david@dfanning.com> writes:

- > Tomson writes: >> But What I want to do is to initialize several arrays which are in common >> block and their length will be changed for different call and the lengths >> of them may be zero. If the lengthes of them are zero, the process will be
- >> changed. If there is not any initialization, the array return to the main
- >> program may be the former ones.

> If I understand you correctly, you may find a pointer

- > useful in this situation. A pointer could point to
- > a "null array", in the sense that it would point to
- an "undefined variable":

ptr = Ptr_New(/Allocate_Heap) > IF N_Elements(*ptr) EQ 0 THEN Print, 'Pointer undefined' ELSE \$ > *ptr = [initValue] > >

Cheers,

> David

> >

>

- > David W. Fanning, Ph.D.
- > Fanning Software Consulting, Inc.
- > Phone: 970-221-0438, E-mail: david@dfanning.com
- > Coyote's Guide to IDL Programming: http://www.dfanning.com/
- > Toll-Free IDL Book Orders: 1-888-461-0155

Stein Vidar Hagfors Haugan ESA SOHO SOC/European Space Agency Science Operations Coordinator for SOHO

NASA Goddard Space Flight Center, Tel.: 1-301-286-9028 Mail Code 682.3, Bld. 26, Room G-1, Cell: 1-240-354-6066 Greenbelt, Maryland 20771, USA. Fax: 1-301-286-0264