
Subject: Re: A complicate problem for building a map

Posted by [ftls1](#) on Tue, 21 Oct 2003 22:02:27 GMT

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yeah, actually I used the same method as urs, but there was some other more complicate problems to be sovled. I think it is time to conclude this discussion here.

Thank you all so much for ideas and what you all have posted!

ftls1@uaf.edu (ftls1@uaf.edu) wrote in message

news:<44042ede.0310201352.2e27a979@posting.google.com>...

> yes, I used 'where' function and intersected the two sets to find

> temperature and wind.

>

> the problem is whether this retrieval method was converging? is the

> point the nearst one with least RMS?

>

>

> Olaf Stetzer <olaf.stetzer@imk.fzk.de> wrote in message

news:<bn0hn1\$font\$1@news.rz.uni-karlsruhe.de>...

>> ftls1@uaf.edu schrieb:

>>> I met a problem of map building as below,

>>> I have two 2-D tables of RT(nw,nt), RW(nw,nt), nw and nt are

>>> constants,

>>> both RT and RW range from -1 to +1, the value of nw, even though it is

>>> 'integer', actually means wind speed from

>>> -50 m/s to 50 m/s and the nt means temperature from 0 to 300 K.

>>> Now I want to get a table with x and y axis of RT and RW respectively.

>>> The purpose to build such a table is that if there is an arbitrary

>>> pair

>>> of RW and RT value, I can look it in the table and find the

>>> appropriate

>>> wind and temperature.

>>> I've been thinking on this topic for a couple of weeks without any

>>> idea, in C

>>> language there is a concept of 'Group', but IDL does not.

>>

>> I am not sure if I understood you correctly but maybe you can use

>> the where() function to find your information. You want the "cordinales"

>> where:

>> wind = 50 m/s and T= 250 K ?

>>

>> wind_temp_indices=where(RT eq 250 and RW eq 50) ; or use the "coded"

>> ; values for 250 K and 50 m/s instead
