## Subject: Re: Differences between IDL's floats and Java's floats - a problem Posted by Nigel Wade on Fri, 14 Nov 2003 09:41:17 GMT

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E-mail: nmw@ion.le.ac.uk

Phone:

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R.G. Stockwell wrote:
> "Neil Crosby" <necr@pml.ac.uk> wrote in message
> news:3eda43e9.0311130409.5ee02334@posting.google.com...
>> I am currently porting some IDL code across to java, and I've run into
>> a couple of snags with the different ways IDL and Java deal with
>> numbers. Most of these I have sorted, with trips to the APIs and a
>> fair bit of googling. However, there is one I haven't managed to sort
>> out yet.
>
> ...
>> If I run the float code on these same four bytes though, IDL will give
>> me 412.50 (the value I want), while Java will give 5.951465E-39 -
>> clearly not the number I'm looking for!
>
> ...
>> Neil
>
>
>
> Hi Neil,
 as David said, this looks like a endian problem. Check out
  http://www.ibiblio.org/javafag/books/javaio/ioexamples/07/in dex.html
  and there are some classes that deal with little endian inputs.
>
>
>
> Cheers,
> bob
>
It is. Java DataStreams read in network byte order (big endian).
To read little endian data I read it into a byte[] array and then wrap it in
a ByteBuffer set to ByteOrder.LITTLE ENDIAN. There's probably a thousand
other ways to to it, I just find that the most straight forward.
Nigel Wade, System Administrator, Space Plasma Physics Group,
        University of Leicester, Leicester, LE1 7RH, UK
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+44 (0)116 2523548, Fax: +44 (0)116 2523555