
Subject: Re: Array indexing problem

Posted by [roberson_1](#) on Thu, 29 Jan 2004 17:03:42 GMT

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Thank you for responding so quickly. Compile_opt STRICTARRSUBS works for IDL 6.0 but I have to use 5.1. Is there a way to add in a compile function, or some else that will look for this error in the original code? I don't want to add an error handler, which David suggested. The original code can not be altered.

Roy

"Liam Gumley" <pip_book@mailinator.com> wrote in message news:<[bv9c35\\$lf\\$1@news.doit.wisc.edu](mailto:bv9c35lf1@news.doit.wisc.edu)>...

> "Roy" <roberson_1@yahoo.com> wrote in message

> news:c0a9aee5.0401281200.400888f1@posting.google.com...

>> Is there any existing code that will catch the below IDL simple

>> example? Input a and b must be an array.

>>

>> Input is an array:

>> IDL> b=[4]

>> IDL> a=[0,1,2]

>> IDL> print,a[b]

>> 2

>> This should give me an error.

>

> This is how array subscripting works in IDL, when the subscript is an array.

> To quote the IDL Manual "Building IDL Applications", Chapter 5, "Using

> Arrays as Subscripts":

>

> "If an element of the subscript array is less than or equal to zero, the

> first element of the subscripted variable is selected. If an element of the

> subscript is greater than or equal to the last subscript in the subscripted

> variable (N, above), the last element is selected."

>

> If the subscript variable has just one elements, then you can do this

> instead

>

> IDL> print, a[b[0]]

> % Attempt to subscript A with <LONG (4)> is out of range.

> % Execution halted at: \$MAIN\$

>

> since b[0] is a scalar. You can do this even if b is a scalar.

>

> Cheers,

> Liam.

> Practical IDL Programming

> <http://www.gumley.com/>
