Subject: Re: Incremental variable names? Posted by Chris Lee on Wed, 04 Feb 2004 09:34:15 GMT

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In article <BC4475B7.18FD5%greenberg@ucdavis.edu>, "Jonathan Greenberg" <greenberg@ucdavis.edu> wrote:

- > I'm trying to optimize this algorithm for use with large images.
- > ENVI/IDL work well if you extract a single line of an image at a time
- > (line = y axis, by the way). For a circular mask, however, I'd need to
- > extract at least as many lines as the maximum circular diameter (e.g. If
- > mv circle is 3 pixels in radius, I need to pull out 7 lines of data to
- > figure out the values along the ring).
- > It occurred to me (and tell me if I'm wrong), that while I CAN extract
- > the line I'm working on +/- 3 lines from the image each time, this seems
- > like an awful waste of I/O, when in reality the next line will use all
- > but one of the previous extracted rows (e.g. I just need to read the
- > next line in, and delete the current top line to free up memory).
- > Creating arrays of the lines would require rewriting the arrays each
- > time (e.g. Arraynew = (arrayold(2:7),newline) -- I know this isn't idl
- > code, but you get the idea) which seems slower than just having 7 named
- > variables (line1,line2,...line7), doing my calculation, then deleting
- > line1, and adding line8 and repeating.
- > No? Is there a better way of "preserving" the data I've already read
- > from the HD than using incremental variable names? -- i
- > On 2/2/04 1:45 PM, in article

If I understand your method correctly.....Create a 2D array with the dimension of (radius, line length). Each time you read in a new line..

```
array=fltarr(radius, line length)
input=fltarr(line length)
openr, file, "filename", /get_lun
counter=0L
cmax=2*radius+1
while(not eof(file)) do begin
readu, file, input
array[counter mod cmax,0]=input
array=shift(array, 1,0) ;;;;This could be wrong, try -1,0...
result=do stuff(array)
counter=counter+1
endwhile
free_lun, file
```

Of course, if I understand this whole ring thing, your doing this with

; I think that would work...

every point on your image? If you are, the function DO_STUFF above (your
semi-variance code) had better be vectorised along the line_length.

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