## Subject: Re: SRTM DTED read routines in IDL? Posted by marit on Mon, 25 Apr 2005 17:36:56 GMT

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(4) Data Records (1201 records at 2414 3429,5843,
bytes/record)** 8257, etc.
I see how the value of 1201 is derived, but 2414bytes/record? Even converting
that to integers gives 1207, which ain't 1201, or anything else that seems
to make sense.
there is probably a few bytes of line header for each line
It should be as simple as :-
```

```
>
```

- > readu,lun,UHL ;(bytarr(80))
  > readu,lun,DSID ;(bytarr(648))
- > readu,lun,AR ;(bytarr(2700))
- > readu,lun,square\_degree\_of\_data ;(bytarr(1201,2414))

change a to:

>

```
a = intarr(1207, 1201)
```

then discard leading or trailing integers as necessary.

If the number of line header bytes is odd, make array "a" a byte array (bytarr(2414,1201)) and convert to integers with fix (i.e. fix(a[\*,i],x,1201), for each line where x is the length of the line header in bytes)

it could also be possible to make an array of line structures, where each line structure had a header and a data member, (a= replicate({h:bytarr(12),d:intarr(1201)},1201) ) but I don't recall if idl tries to align structure members on 2 or 4 byte boundaries on some platforms on I/O, so that might not always work