Subject: Re: Reading HDF5 Compound Datasets in IDL Posted by James Kuyper on Thu, 19 May 2005 15:43:55 GMT

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Justin Bronn wrote:
```

- > Hello All,
- >
- > I'm stumped. Here's the situation: I have an HDF5 dataset that I want
- > to read, and I cannot figure out from the IDL documentation how to
- > selectively read only parts of the dataset. Read on for the gory
- > details...

>

>

- > The HDF5 dataset is relatively simple; there are 4 groups, each
- > containing a compound data type (the HDF5 compound data type is
- > analagous to the IDL struct). There can be N-elements of this compound
- > data type (again, like an array of IDL structures). The compound data
- > type contains 4 different fields: a filename, a time-stamp, and three
- > floating point arrays. Below is a representation of this HDF5 file
- > with the equivalent IDL datatypes.

```
/--+
>
    |- Group_1
>
>
        |- compound (Can have N number of elements
>
                => IDL Structure Array)
>
            |--- filename (String, 256 Characters long
>
                     => IDL String)
                      (64-bit Float Value
            l--- time
>
                     => IDL Double)
>
            |--- data1 (32-bit Float Array, 4096 Elements
                     => IDL Float Array)
>
            |--- data2 (32-bit Float Array, 4096 Elements
                     => IDL Float Array)
>
            |--- data3 (32-bit Float Array, 4096 Elements
>
                     => IDL Float Array)
>
>
>
    |- Group_4 (Same as Group_1)
>
```

- Now if I want to read an entire one of these compound data types into
- IDL, here's what I can do: >
- ;; Opening up the necessary HDF5 file IDs
- > h5fid = h5f open('data.h5')

```
> h5gid = h5g_open(h5fid, 'Group_1')
> h5did = h5d open(h5qid, 'compound')
> ;; Reading the data
 data = h5d_read(h5did)
> :: Cleaning up
> h5d_close, h5did & h5g_close, h5gid & h5f_close, h5fid
> When I do a 'help' on the data read in, I get exactly what I
expected:
> IDL> help, data
> DATA
              STRUCT = -> < Anonymous > Array[263]
> IDL> help, data, /ST
 ** Structure <8225794>, 5 tags, length=49172, data length=49172,
> refs=1:
   FILENAME
                             '/path/to/ascii_file'
                   STRING
   TIME
               DOUBLE
                               2452305.5
   DATA1
                 FLOAT
                          Array[4096]
                 FLOAT
   DATA2
                          Array[4096]
>
   DATA3
                 FLOAT
                          Array[4096]
>
> IDL>
```

- > Now here's the problem: I do not want to have to read the ENTIRE
- > compound data type. When the number of compound elements gets large
- > (say N=3000), the read operation takes a _long_ time since the entire
- > compound data type is read into memory. I want to selectively read only
- > _portions_ of the compound data type, like the 'time' element, to
- > determine what I only really need, and then read out that selection.

When using the HDF5 library from C, the H5Dread() function takes a memory datatype argument, and automatically converts from the file datatype to the memory datatype. If both datatypes are compound types, and the memory datatype's members are a subset of the members of the file's datatype, then it extracts only those members. I looked over the documentation for IDLs HDF5 library, but I couldn't find anything that seemed to be a wrapper for this functionality.

Warning: for both C and IDL, this is based entirely upon reading documentation; I have no actual experience with HDF5 programming in either language.