Subject: Re: quick search of array Posted by R.G. Stockwell on Thu, 23 Jun 2005 20:21:44 GMT

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<tanqian@hotmail.com> wrote in message
news:1119544592.305102.257100@g49g2000cwa.googlegroups.com...
> Hi.
> I have four arraies
> all time = fltarr(10000)
 all location = fltarr(3, 10000)
>
> sel time = fltarr(4000)
  sel_location = fltarr(3,4000)
>
> the 'sel time' is a subset of 'all time'. Is there a quick way I could
> find index 'j' of all_time for each sel_time(i) (when
> abs(all time(i)-sel time(i)) It 1e-5)? So I could use that index to
> pick the sel location from all location for each sel time(i). Since I
> have multiple(~20000) such tests, loop through both of them will be too
> time consuming.
> Should I sort both all_time and sel_time to descent/ascent order to
> speed it up?
> Thanks,
> Qian
> Qian
How about the usual trick of expanding the 1D array to 2D arrays,
for instance:
a = all_{time} # (fltarr(4000)+1)
b = (fltarr(10000) + 1) # sel time
c = abs(a - b)
w = where(c lt 0.001, count)
print, count
Of course, you'll want to decode these where results into the two
dimensions.
```

and then take the row as the index with which to access the alltime array.

for instance, something like:	
selecteddata = all_location(*,wcols)	
Cheers, bob	