## Subject: Re: Different FFT times for same array size ? Posted by R.G. Stockwell on Wed, 24 Aug 2005 16:54:04 GMT View Forum Message <> Reply to Message

"Jan Cami" <jcami@mail.arc.nasa.gov> wrote in message news:1124862926.625619.103650@g43g2000cwa.googlegroups.com... > Hi.

- > So the first 28 segments go fast, and from then on things slow down by
- > a factor of 50 (well, except those 2 funny ones) !!

Off hand, the factor of 50 increase I would say is due to a memory "leak" issue. Perhaps at that point, you start to swap to disk or something. This is just a guess, but often a huge step in execution time means your process has had to go to the hardrive. [by leak, it may not be a real leak, but just the fact that you are running low on memory, and are swapping to disk to get the rest of the data]

How does it look if you run the same code on the same input time series (i.e. always fft the same array by commenting out "input = [input[blen-p+1:blen-1], signal[lower:upper]]").

One thing that i notice is that you are concatenating your new array each loop.

That may a bit wasteful in memory, although I usually do that with no problems.

What are the values you use (k, p blen, etc)? Could you include the initial values that you have just before the loop? I can run the same code (on a fake signal) and see if I reproduce your problems.

Cheers, bob