
Subject: Re: 2 arrays, average, missing data
Posted by [Craig Markwardt](#) on Thu, 08 Sep 2005 14:55:28 GMT
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"KJM" <kimberlite@gmail.com> writes:

> HI All,
> IDL newbie here, I would appreciate any help. (Have been pouring over
> Gumley and Fanning books for a day now, can't get this simple
> calculation done.)
>
> I have 2 arrays. Each array has float values and missing
> data(value=0). I want to create a third array that has the average of
> the two arrays if there are two good values. Otherwise, I want the
> third array to take the value of the array that has data.
>
>
> If my arrays are A and B, and the new array C, I know I can use:
>
> $C = (A+B)/2$
>
> to get the third array with averaged values. The only problem, is
> that missing data values are averaged in with good values also. (ie:
> 275 averaged w/ 0 -- when I want to just take the 275 value).

Here's something without WHERE's

```
MISSING = 0.0  
C = (A+B)/((A NE MISSING) + (B NE MISSING))
```

You'll get NaN wherever both values are missing. This is easily extendible to the case where you have N arrays with M values each. Just arrange them into an MxN array,

```
DATA = DBLARR(M,N)  
... fill data values ...  
C = TOTAL(DATA,2)/TOTAL(DATA NE MISSING,2)
```

Craig

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Astrophysics, IDL, Finance, Derivatives | Remove "net" for better response
