
Subject: Re: Ordered index array
Posted by [David Fanning](#) on Wed, 07 Sep 2005 17:17:00 GMT
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David Fanning writes:

```
> How about this:  
>  
> PRO TEST  
> a = [3,6,2,1,2,7,1,1]  
> h = Histogram(a, Reverse_Indices=ri, Min=0)  
> b = Indgen(N_Elements(h)) + 1  
> c = Intarr(N_Elements(h))  
> FOR j=0,N_Elements(h)-1 DO BEGIN  
>   IF ri[j+1] NE ri[j] THEN $  
>     c[ri[ri[j]:ri[j+1]-1]] = Min(b[ri[ri[j]:ri[j+1]-1]])  
>   ENDFOR  
> Print, c  
> END  
>  
>      1      2      3      4      3      6      4      4  
>  
> Note that your original example is wrong. :-)
```

Whoops! *I* didn't use the original example either (although yours is still wrong!).

Here is a more complete solution, using the original data:

```
PRO TEST  
a = [3,6,2,1,2,8,1,1]  
h = Histogram(a, Reverse_Indices=ri, Min=0)  
b = Indgen(N_Elements(h)) + 1  
c = Intarr(N_Elements(h))  
FOR j=0,N_Elements(h)-1 DO BEGIN  
  IF ri[j+1] NE ri[j] THEN $  
    c[ri[ri[j]:ri[j+1]-1]] = Min(b[ri[ri[j]:ri[j+1]-1]])  
ENDFOR  
Print, c[0:N_Elements(a)-1]  
END
```

Cheers,

David

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David Fanning, Ph.D.

