
Subject: Re: display an image from RGB

Posted by [David Fanning](#) on Sat, 17 Dec 2005 00:50:44 GMT

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Chi-Kuei Wang writes:

> I am an ENVI user. In the context of multi- and hyper-spectral data,
> I always wonder how does ENVI display an image using 3 different
> wavelengths representing red, green, and blue colors.
>
> I am trying to reproduce this function using my own code in IDL (as
> an exercise to understand IDL color table). But I couldn't find a way to
> do it. I suppose I need to know the relationship between (red, green,
> blue) triplets and IDL color table. Say,
> zcolors = red * var_red + green * var_red + blue * var_blue
> Once I know this relationship, I can use it to generate a new image,
> whose pixel values will correspond to IDL color table.
>
> Is this correct? If so, can anyone provide me the relationship for
> color triplets and IDL color table.

I don't have any idea how ENVI does this, but I think you have a couple of choices. You can take your three images (call them R, G, and B) and create a flat 2D gray-scale image that you can display with any color table you like. A typical formula for creating a gray-scale image that preserves color "sensitivity" is this:

```
IDL> Y = 0.3*R + 0.59*G + 0.11*B
IDL> LoadCT, 22
IDL> Device, Decomposed=0
IDL> TV, BytScl(y)
```

Or, you can create what is called a "pseudocolor" image by using the three (byte scaled) images directly as the red, green, and blue channel of a 24-bit image:

```
IDL> image24 = [ [[BytScl(R)]], [[BytScl(G)]], [[BytScl(B)]] ]
IDL> Device, Decomposed=1
IDL> TV, image24, True=3
```

Cheers,

David

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