Subject: Re: Matching volumes and surfaces Posted by Karl Schultz on Mon, 23 Jan 2006 19:17:37 GMT

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On Thu, 19 Jan 2006 20:52:34 -0600, Kenneth P. Bowman wrote:

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> I have a 2-D data set a(x,y) and a 3-D data set b(x,y,z) that are
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- > defined on the same x and y grid.
- > I'm using iSurface to plot a and iVolume to overplot an isosurface of b
- > in the same display. At the bottom of this message is an example that
- > uses an 11 x 11 grid with data coordinates x, y, and z in the range (0,
- > 10). The arrays a and b have been created so that a should coincide
- > exactly with the isosurface b=0.
- After running the commands below, the 2-D surface appears as a yellow
- > plane slicing diagonally upward across the volume cube in the
- > x-direction. Then, I choose Operations...Volume...Isosurface, change
- > the isosurface value to 0.1, and click OK. This renders the b=0.1
- > isosurface in gray. (Setting the isosurface to 0.1 ensures that the
- > isosurface is slightly above the surface a.)
- The resulting image can be seen here
- http://csrp.tamu.edu/hiaper/archive/render/rendering.jpg >
- > The rather obvious problem is that the isosurface only covers the ranges
- > x = (0, 9) and y = (0, 9).
- > Obviously I either don't understand the VOLUME LOCATION and
- > VOLUME DIMENSIONS keywords, or I don't understand how the isosurface
- > algorithm works, or I'm making some other mistake (the possibilities are
- > manifold;-)).

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I think that the interpretation of the VOLUME_DIMENSIONS keyword is the problem.

Your surface is going to span 0 -> 10.

Part of the docs for VOLUME DIMENSIONS say:

..., a volume with sample size of [20, 25, 20] would render into the region [0:19, 0:24, 0:19] in user data units.

So if you want your volume to span the same extent as the surface, you would want to use a value of 11 for VOLUME DIMENSIONS. In this case, just don't specify it and it should do the right thing.

The code that is relevant to this discussion starts about line 330 in idlitvisisosurface__define.pro. The isosurface vertices are scaled to fit into the volume dimensions if modified by the keyword.

Karl

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> Can anyone steer me to the path of righteous rendering?
> Thanks, Ken Bowman
> n = 11
> x = FINDGEN(n)
> a = REBIN(x, n, n)
> iSurface, a, x, x
> xx = REBIN(x, n, n, n)
> zz = REBIN(REFORM(x, 1, 1, n), n, n, n)
> b = zz - xx
> iVolume, b, /OVERPLOT, $
> VOLUME_LOCATION = [0.0, 0.0, 0.0], $
> VOLUME_DIMENSIONS = [10.0, 10.0, 10.0]
```